ART LINE OF SALEDIO CO

# S P E A K ENGLISH LIKE AN AMERICAN

WILL HELP YOU SPEAK LIKE A NATIVE!

AMY GILLETT

# WHAT'S THE SECRET TO SPEAKING ENGLISH FLUENTLY?

It's mastery of those tricky idioms and phrases that are so common in English. And learning these idioms and phrases will not only help you speak better, it'll help you understand Americans better!

If you already speak English, and now you'd like to start speaking even better, then Speak English Like an American is for you. Thousands of people in the United States and around the world have already improved their English using Speak English Like an American. Now it's your turn!

In this deluxe book & CD set, you'll find:

- · Over 300 of today's most common American English idioms & phrases
  - Several usage examples of each idiom
- Dozens of exercises to reinforce the material complete with answer key so you can correct yourself
  - Crossword puzzles to practice your new expressions
  - 25 lively dialogues the entertaining story of an American family, complete with illustrations
  - "This book will serve as a great support for those who want to master contemporary conversational English."
    - Dr. Vladimir Mylnikov, ESL instructor, Monterey, California

"This book doesn't cost an arm and a leg, so, for heaven's sake, foot the bill, hit the books and have a blast. It's all the rage."

- The Norwalk Hour





# SPEAK ENGLISH LIKE AN AMERICAN

YOU ALREADY SPEAK ENGLISH...
NOW SPEAK IT EVEN BETTER!

DELUXE BOOK & CD SET

AMY GILLETT



#### Copyright © 2004 by Language Success Press

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced in any form or by any electronic or mechanical means including information storage and retrieval systems without permission in writing from the publisher.

First Edition

ISBN 0-9725300-3-7

Library of Congress Control Number: 2004102958

Visit our website: www.languagesuccesspress.com

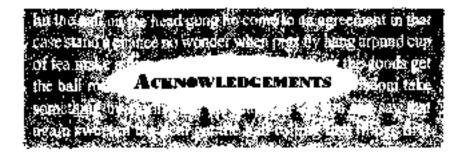
Bulk discounts are available. For information, please contact;

Language Success Press 22.V2 S. Main Street #345 Ann Arbor, MI 48103 USA

E-mail: sales@languagesuccesspress.com

Fax: (303) 484-2004 (USA)

Printed in the United States of America



The author is very grateful to the following people for their collaboration and advice while preparing this book and CD set: Vijay Banta, Jacqueline Giffett, Thomas Gillett, Marcy Carreras, John McDermott, Natasha McDermott, Cat McGrath, Patrick O'Connell.



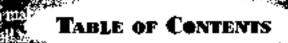
#### ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Amy Gillett has taught English as a Second Language (ESL) in Stamford, Connecticut and in Prague, Czech Republic. Her essays and humor writing have appeared in many publications, including MAD Magazine, the San Fruncisco Chronicle, and Family Circle. Amy majored in Slavic Languages and Literature at Stanford University and holds a Master's degree from Stanford in Russian and Eastern European Studies.

Arry has studied and worked abroad in many countries and speaks several foreign languages, including Russian, Czech, French, and Italian. She is also the author of Speak English Like on American for Native Spanish Speakers, Speak English Like an American for Native Russian Speakers, and Speak English Like an American for Native Japanese Speakers.

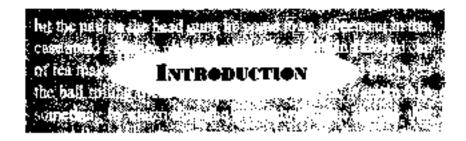
#### ABOUT THE ILLUSTRATOR

Manny José is an illustrator and graphic designer who has been doodling and sketching for as long as he can remember. He is from Toronto, Canada and currently lives in Brooklyn, New York. For more of Manny's illustrations, visit www.mannytoons.com.



INTRODUC	TION	
MAIN CHA	RACTERS	9
LESSON 1:	Bob's Day at Work	11
LESSON 2:	Bob Returns Home with Bad News	17
LESSON 3:	Ted's Day at School	23
LESSON 4:	Nicole's Day at School	27
LESSON 5:	Ted Goes Out for the Evening	33
REVIEW: L	ESSONS 1-5	37
LESSON 6:	Susan Stays Home and Bakes Cookies	41
LESSON 7:	Susan Hires Bob to Run Her Business	47
LESSON 8:	Ted Forms a Rock Band	51
LESSON 9:	Nicole For President!	57
LESSON 10	: Bob Visits the Village Market	63
REVIEW: L	ESSONS 6-10	67
LESSON (1	: Bob Drives a Hard Bargain	71
	: Bob's Big Cookie Order	
	: Amber Comes Over to Bake Cookies	
LESSON 14	: Amber and Ted Heat Up the Kitchen	87
	: Nicole Practices Her Election Speech	
	ESSONS 11.13	

LESSON 16: Bob Brings the Cookies to the Village Market 101
LESSON 17: Carol Tells Bob the Good News105
LESSON 18: Everyone Bakes Cookies111
LESSON 19: Nicole's Close Election117
LESSON 20: Bob Gets an Angry Cali from Carol121
REVIEW: LESSONS 16-20
LESSON 21: Susan Gets a Surprise Call129
LESSON 22: Susan Shares the Good News133
LESSON 23: Bob Has a Surprise Visitor139
LESSON 24: Amber Writes a Song
LESSON 25: Ted Brings Home More Good News151
REVIEW: LESSONS 21-25155
CHALLENGE CROSSWORD PUZZLE158
ANSWER KEY160
INDEX169



If you already speak some English and now would like to speak more like a native, you've found the right book. One of the keys to speaking like a native is the ability to use and understand casual expressions, or idioms. American English is full of idioms. You won't learn these expressions in a standard textbook. But you will hear them all the time in everyday conversations. You'll also meet them in books, newspapers, magazines, and TV shows. This book will help you understand and use idioms better. It contains over 300 of today's most common idioms.

Idioms add color to the language. Master idioms and your speech will be less awkward, less foreign. You'll also understand more of what you read and hear. Often a student of English tries to translate idioms word-for-word, or literally. If you do this, you can end up asking, "What could this possibly mean?" This is why idioms are difficult: they work as groups of words, not as individual words. If you translate each word on its own, you'll miss the meaning and in many cases end up with nonsense.

As an example, let's take one of the idioms presented in this book: "out of this world." This expression is often used to describe delicious food. If you have a party and you serve a delicious chicken dish, your American friend might tell you, "This chicken is out of this world!" Start translating the expression word-for-word and you'll have to ask yourself: "What world is it in?" and "Why is she even commenting on the chicken being in a world, any world?"

Here's another example. Let's say you're on a tennis tearn. Your team has won every single game for the past six months. You could tell your friend this without using an idiom: "Our team is lucky

because we keep winning game after game." You can also express this with an idiom: "Our team is on a winning streak." Sounds better, doesn't it?

When using idioms, remember that their word order and structure are often not flexible. In other words, you will need to get the word order exactly right. Here's an example of what I mean. Recently, I helped a student with his English homework. He then told me, "You've got a golden heart." He was trying to speak idiomatic English, but the correct expression is: "You've got a heart of gold."

This book includes a CD of all of the dialogues. The CD will help you with pronunciation and will also help you remember the idioms. Play it at home, at work, in the car, while traveling...before you know it, you'll be speaking English like an American!

Try to "develop an ear" for idioms on your own. Don't worry, I'm not suggesting you try to grow a third ear! "Develop an ear" is an idiom — it means to learn to listen for something. If you don't know what an expression means, ask a native speaker of English. Here's what you can say to your helper: Excuse me. I ran across this expression and I'm not sure what it means. Can you please help me out?

Add idioms to your speech and writing just as you add vocabulary. You may find it helpful to write all of the expressions in this book down on notecards and review them whenever you have a free moment.

Good luck adding idioms to your everyday speech. It's fun, and you'll enjoy speaking English much more. Like an American!

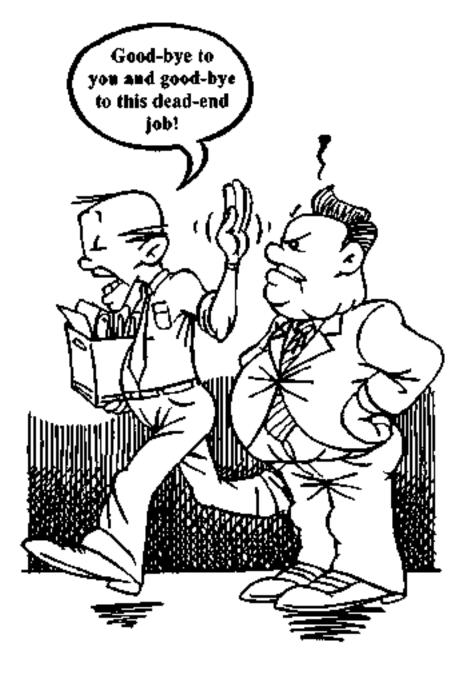
#### MAIN CHARACTERS

The author would like to thank the Johnson family for graciously agreeing to appear in this book.

#### The Johnson Family



Susan (mother)



### DOD'S DAY AT WORK

Bob works as a manager in a furniture store. Peter, his boss, is not happy about sales. Bob's new advertising campaign hasn't helped, Peter decides to fire him.

Peter: Bob, I hate to break the news, but our sales were down

again last month.

Bob: Down again, Peter?

Peter: Yeah. These days, everybody's shopping at our compe-

tition, Honest Abe's Furniture Store.

Bob: But everything in there costs an arm and a leg!

Peter: That's true. They do charge top dollar,

Bob: And their salespeople are very strange. They really give

me the creeps!

Peter: Well, they must be doing something right over there.

Meanwhile, we're about to go belly-up.

Bob: I'm sorry to hear that. I thought my new advertising.

campaign would save the day.

Peter: Let's face it: your advertising campaign was a real dop. -

Bob: Well then I'll go back to the drawing board.

Peter: It's too late for that. You're fired!

Bob: What? You're giving me the ax?

Peter: Yes, I've already found a new manager, She's as sharp as a tack

Bob: Can't we even talk this over? After all, I've been working here for 10 years!

Peter: There's no point in arguing, Bob. I've already made up my mind.

Bob: Oh well, at least I won't have to put up with your nonsense anymore! Good-bye to you and good-bye to this dead-end job.

Peter. Please leave before I lose my temper!



#### IDIOMS - LESSON 1

about to - ready to; on the verge of

Example 1: It's a good thing Bob left the furniture store when he did.

Peter was so angry, he was about to throw a during room chair of him.

Example 2: I'm glad you're finally home. I was just about to have dinner without you.

after all – despite everything; when everything has been considered; the fact is

EXAMPLE 1: You'd better invite Ed to your party. After all, he's a good friend. EXAMPLE 2: It doesn't matter what your boss thinks of you. After all, you're going to quit your job anyway.

at least - anyway; the good thing is that...

Example 1: We've run out of coffee, but at least we still have lea-

Example 2: Truey can't afford to buy a car, but at least she has a good bicycle.

Note: The second definition of this phrase is "no less than": There were at least 300 people waiting in line to buy concert tickets.

#### (to) break the news - to make something known

Example 1: Samantho and Michael are getting marged, but they haven't yet broken the news to their parents.

EXAMPLE 2: You'd better break the news to your father carefully. After all, you don't want him to have a heart attack!

#### (to) cost an arm and a leg - to be very expensive

EXAMPLE 1. A college education in America costs an arm and a leg.

Example 2: All of the furniture at Honest Abe's costs an arm and a leg!

#### dead-end job - a job that won't lead to anything else

EXAMPLE 1: Diane realized that working as a castuer was a dead-end job. EXAMPLE 2: Jim worked many dead-end jobs before finally deciding to start his own business.

#### (let's) face it - accept a difficult reality

Example 1: Let's face it, if Tod spent more time studying, he wouldn't be failing so many of his classes!

Example 2: Let's face it, if you don't have a college degree, it can be difficult to find a high-paying job.

#### (to) give one the creeps—to create a feeling of disgust or horror

Example 1: Ted's friend Matt has seven earrings in each ear and an "I Love Mom" tattoo on his arm. He really gives Nicole the creeps.

Example 2: There was a strange man following me around the grocery store. He was giving me the creeps:

# (to) go back to the drawing beard – to start a task over because the last try failed; to start again from the beginning

EXAMPLE 1: Frank's new business failed, so he had to go back to the drawing board.

Example 2: The president didn't agree with our new ideas for the company, so we had to go back to the drawing board.

#### (to) go belly-up - to go bankrupt

EXAMPLE (: Many people lost their jobs when Euron went belly-up.

EXAMPLE 2: My company lost \$3 million lost year. We might go belly-up.

#### (to) give someone the ax – to fire someone

EXAMPLE 1: Mary used to talk to her friends on the phone all day at work, until one day her boss finally gave her the ax.

EXAMPLE 2: Poor Paul! He was given the ax two days before Christmas.

#### (to) lose one's temper - to become very angry

Example 1: Bob always loses his temper when his kids start talking on the telephone during dinner.

EXAMPLE 2. When Ted handed in his essay two weeks late, his teacher really lost bee temper.

#### (to) make up one's mind - to reach a decision; to decide

EXAMPLE 1: Stephanie couldn't make up her mind whether to attend Harvard or Stanford. Finally, she chose Stanford.

EXAMPLE 2: Do you want an omelette or fried eggs? You'll need to make up your mind quickly because the waittess is coming.

#### no point in - no reason to; it's not worth (doing something)

Example 1: There's no point in worrying about things you can't change.

EXAMPLE 2: There's no point in going on a picnic if it's going to rain.

#### (to) put up with - to endure without complaint

EXAMPLE 1: For many years, Barbara put up with her husband's among behavior. Finally, she decided to leave him.

Example 2: I don't know how Len puts up with his mean boss every day.

#### real flop or flop - a failure

Example 1: The Broadway play closed after just 4 days - it was a real day1

EXAMPLE 2: The company was in trouble after its new product flupped.

#### (to) save the day - to prevent a disaster or misfortune

Example 1: The Christmas tree was on fire, but Ted threw water on it and saved the day.

Example 2: We forgot to buy champagne for our New Year's party, but Sonia brought some and really saved the day!

#### (as) sharp as a tack very intelligent

EXAMPLE 1: Jay scored 100% on his science test, He's as sharp as a tack.

Example 2: Anna got a scholarship to Yale. She's as sharp as a tack.

#### (to) talk over - to discuss

EXAMPLE 1: Dave and I spent hours talking over the details of the plan.

EXAMPLE 2: Before you make any big decisions, give me a call and we'll talk things over.

#### top dollar - the highest end of a price range; a lot of money

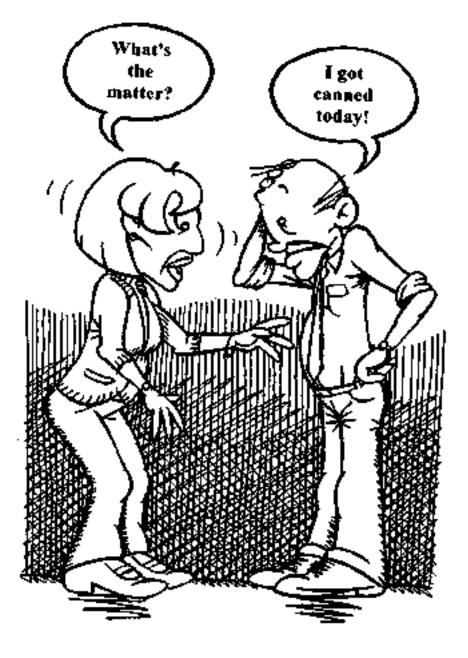
Example 1: Nicole paid top dellar for a shirt of Banana Republic.

EXAMPLE 2: Wait until those jeans go on sale. Why pay top dollar?

#### S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

#### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

<ol> <li>I can't believe you bought a couch at Honest Abe's, thing in that store costs an arm and a</li> </ol>			_		
	a) foot	b) leg	c) hand		
2)	After Bob found wanted to go bac	tising campaign failed, he			
	a) board	b) table	c) room		
3)	When somebody isn't listening to you, there's no in trying to argue with them.				
	a) edge	b) tip	c) point		
4)	José is really sm	ert. He's as sharp a	as a		
	a) tack	b) nail	c) screw		
5)			ways look angry and neve		
	a) take	b) give	c) allow		
6)	Bob got fired. H his family.	e isn't looking (or	ward to the news to		
	a) breaking	b) cracking	c) saying		
7)	Bob thought his customers and sa		ts would bring in lots of		
	a) morning	b) night	c) day		
8)	Fortunately, Bob no longer has to put with his stupid boss at the furniture store.				
	a) over	b) in	e) up		
	ANSWERS TO LES	SON 1, p 160			



¥

# BOD RETURNS HOME WITH BAD NEWS

Bob tells his wife Susan that he lost his job.

Susan suggests that he start his own business.

Susan: What's the matter, dear?

Bob: Susan, I got canned today at work.

Susan: But Bob, you were Peter's right-hand man!

Bob: Yes, and he stabbed me in the back.

Susan: Keep your chin up. Maybe he'll change his mind and

take you back.

Bob: When pigs fly! Once he makes up his mind, he never

changes it. Besides, I told him off.

Susan: Look on the bright side: you won't have to set eyes on

Peter ever again.

Bob: Thank goodness for that!

Susan: Hang in there. I'm sure you won't be out of work for long.

Bob: In the meantime, we'll have to live from hand to mouth.

Susan: Don't get too alressed out, Bob. We'll make ends

meet.

Bob: I can always get a job at McDonald's as a last resert.

Susan: 1 don't think they're hiring right now.

Bob: If worse comes to worst, we can sell our home and

move into a tent.

Susan: Let's think big! Maybe you can start your own business.

Bob: Easter said than done!



#### **IDIOMS - LESSON 2**

#### (to) change one's mind - to change one's opinion or decision

EXAMPLE 1: Brandon wasn't going to take a vacation this year, but then he changed his mind and went to Bora Bora for two weeks.

EXAMPLE 2: Why aren't you applying to medical school this year? Did you change your mind about becoming a doctor?

#### easter said than done - more difficult than you think

EXAMPLE 1: You want to chimb Mount Everest? Easier said than done!

Example 2: Moving into a new home is easter said then done.

#### (to) get canned [slang]—to lose one's job; to get fired

EXAMPLE 1: After Chris got canned, it took him a year to find a new job.

Example 2: Lisa is a lousy secretary. She deserves to get canned?

Syncoryus: to get sacked; to be given the ax

#### (to) hang in there - to persevere; to not give up

Example 1: I know you're four games behind, but you can still win the tennis match. Just hang in there!

Example 2: Hang in there, Don't Your invention will soon be a success.

# if worse comes to worst – in the worst case; if absolutely necessary

Example 1: Ted's car isn't tunning well. If worse comes to worst, he can take the bus to school.

Example 2: I know you're running out of money. If worse comes to worst, you can always sell some of your jewelry.

#### (to) keep one's chin up - to stay positive

EXAMPLE 1: Even when he was unemployed and homeless, Bill managed to keep his chim up.

EXAMPLE 2 Keep your chin up! You'll find your lest dog soon.

**last resort** if there are no other alternatives left; the last solution for getting out of a difficulty

Example 1: David was locked out of his house. He knew that as a tast resort, he could always break a window.

EXAMPLE 2: I don't like toking medicine. I'll only take it as a last resert.

# (to) live from hand to mouth — to barely have enough money to survive

EXAMPLE 1: Jenny was earning \$5 an hour working at the store. She was really living from hand to mouth.

EXAMPLE 2: George is really poor. He lives from hand to mouth.

# (to) look on the bright side – to be optimistic; to think about the positive part or aspect of a situation

EXAMPLE 1: Lee was upset that his soccer game was conceled. His mother said, "Look on the bright side, now you can stay home and watch TV."

EXAMPLE 2: You lost your job? Look on the bright side, now you'll have more free time."

(to) make ends meet – to manage one's money so as to have

enough to five on; to be okay financially

EXAMPLE I: Kimberty wasn't able to make ends meet so she had to ask

her parents to pay her rent.

EXAMPLE 2: If you can't make ends meet, you'll need to start spending less

#### (to) make up one's mind - see Lesson [

#### out of work - unemployed; not working

EXAMPLE 1: Gary was **out of work** for a year before finding a new job.

EXAMPLE 2: Bob is out of work. Do you know anybody who might want.

to have ham?

#### right-hand man - the most helpful assistant or employee

EXAMPLE 1: Juan's right-hand man helps him make all of his decisions.

Example 2: When Jack Thompson retired as president of his company, his right-hand man took over

#### (to) set eyes on - to look at; to see for the first time

Example 1: Ted was in love from the moment he set eyes on Amber.

Example 2: Susan knew from the moment she set eyes on Ted's friend

Lucas that he would be trouble.

#### (to) stab someone in the back - to betray someone

Example 1: Jill and Heather were friends, until Heather stabbed Jill Inthe back by stealing her boyfriend.

EXAMPLE 2: You're firing me after all I've done for this company? You're really stabbling me in the back!

#### (to be) stressed out - under severe strain; very anxious

EXAMPLE 1: Alies so stressed out about his job that be can't sleep at night.

EXAMPLE 2: You've been so stressed out lately. You really need to take a large proportion!

long vacation!

# (10) tell off - to scold; to tell someone in strong words what one really thinks

EXAMPLE 1: When Ted showed up for chemistry class a bulf an hour late, his teacher really told him off.

EXAMPLE 2: Party is going to tell off the plumber because the pipes he said he fixed are still leaking.

#### thank goodness - I'm grateful; I'm relieved

Example 1: When Ted came home at 4 a.m. last Sunday, his mother said, "Thank goodness you're home! I was so worried about you."

EXAMPLE 2: Thank goodness you didn't go to California on Monday. It rained there every day this week.

#### (to) think big - to set high goals

EXAMPLE 1: Why run for Governor of New York? Think big; run for President of the United States!

Example 2: Ken and Sandra hope to sell their house for \$3 million dollars. They always think big.

#### What's the matter? - What's the problem?

Example 1: What's the matter, Bob? You don't look very happy.

Example 2: Oscar looks very pale. What's the matter with him?

#### When pigs fly! [slang] - never

Example 1: Will Ted teach Nicole how to play the guitar? When pigs dy!

EXAMPLE 2: Sure. I'll give you my new laptop. When pigs fly! SYMONYMS. When hell freezes over; never in a million years

#### **29. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS**

Fill in the blank with the missing	g word:
------------------------------------	---------

L)	What's the	? You look up	set.
	a) situation	b) issue	c) matter
2)	I know I can tru	ist you. You wou	ld never stab me in the
	a) leg	b) back	c) arm
3)		an rim out of mor san's sister as a	ney, they can always borrow resort.
	a) final	b) first	c) last
4)	You look realty relax, and have		Why don't you sit down,
	a) about	b) in	c) out
5)		_	u just need to keep your chin row is another day
	a) up	b) down	c) above
6)	l just can't make	up myw	hether to order chicken or fish.
	a) head	b) brain	c) mind
7)	Nicole accident angry and told I		Ted's guitar. Ted got really
	a) off	b) out	c) away
8)		-	ychologist? Hang there and then come back to you?
	a) up	b) in	c) out
	ANSWERS TO LE	SSON 7. p. 160	



Ted's chemistry class is way over his head.

# TED'S DAY AT SCHOOL

That tells his parents he did poorly on his chemistry test. They tell him he needs to get serious and study more.

Susan: How was your day at school today, Ted?

Ted: Bad. I had a chemistry test, and I blew it!

Susan: Maybe if you didn't cut class so often, you'd do better.

Bob: That's right, son. Stop slacking off and start hitting the

books!

Ted: But I can't stand chemistry class. Besides, it's a lost

cause. That class is way over my head.

Susan: You need to buckle down

*led:* When I'm a famous musician, people won't give a hoot

about my knowledge of atoms and molecules.

Bob: That's beside the point.

Susan: We know you have your heart set on going to New

York University.

Bob And you don't stand a chance of gotting in there with

such poor grades!



#### IDIOMS - LESSON 3

#### beside the point - not relevant; not important

EXAMPLE 1 Whether or not I asked the watter to bring us water is beside the point. Waiters should always bring water to the table.

EXAMPLE 2: The reason you're late is **beside the point**. The fact is, your diamer is now cold.

#### (to) blow something - to spoil or botch something

Example 1: Brenda blew the interview and didn't get the job offer.

Example 2: Randy managed to get a date with the most popular girl in his class. Now I hope he doesn't blow #!

#### (to) buckle down - to start working seriously

Example 1: If Don buckles down now, he might be able to graduate from high school this year

Example 2: Team, if we want to win this tournament, we're going to need to buckle down!

#### can't stand - to hate

Example 1: Bob can't stand bureaucrats, so he'd never do well working at a large corporation.

EXAMPLE 2: Nicole can't stand broccoli. She simply refuses to eat it

#### (to) cut class - to miss class without an excuse

EXAMPLE 1: Ted often cuts class to spend more time with his girlfriend.

Example 2: If you keep cutting French class, you're going to fail it.

#### Get real! - be serious or realistic about what's going on

EXAMPLE 1: You think you won't get a speeding ticket when you drive 85 miles per hour!! Get real!

Example 2: You think you're going to win \$4 million in the lottery? Get real!

#### (to) have one's heart set on - to really want something

EXAMPLE 1: Nicole has her heart set on going to New York this weekend EXAMPLE 2: Did you really have your heart set on going to Harvard?

#### (to) hit the books - to start studying

Example 1: Ted panied all weekend. Finally, on Sunday night, he decided it was time to hit the books.

EXAMPLE 2: Hit the books! I know you have a test tomorrow.

#### lost cause - something hopeless

EXAMPLE 1: Cindy apon five years studying Russion. Finally, she reolized it was a lost course. She would never learn it.

EXAMPLE 2: Jack needs to stop drinking so much coffee, but he's so addicted to caffeine that it's a lost cause.

#### (to) not give a hoot – to not care about

Example 1: Tom likes to walk around town in his pajamas — he doesn't give a boot what people think.

EXAMPLE 2: Stephanic doesn't give a hoot if she's the only one wearing a green dress to the high school prom.

Symptomis: to not give a damm; to not give a dam.

#### over one's head - beyond one's understanding

Example 1: The professor was speaking over our heads. None of us could understand him.

EXAMPLE 2: The article on cloning was written for scientists. It was over my bead.

#### (to) slack off - to waste time

Example 1: Amanda doesn't get much done at the office. She's too busy stacking off.

EXAMPLE 2: I'd better stop stacking off. My essay is due in two hours.

Note: People who alack off all the time are called "slackers."

#### (to) stand a chance - to have the possibility of success

EXAMPLE 1: Although the American figure skaters were good, they didn't stand a chance of winning a gold medal at the Olympics.

Example 2: Willow High School has the best soccer team in the state. I'm afraid we don't stand a chance against them!

#### S. Practice the Idioms

#### Choose the most appropriate reply to the following statements:

- Boh: "Susan, I can't get my old job back. It's a lost cause." Susan's reply:
  - a) "Lost? Maybe I can help you find it."
  - b) "Yes, I know it's not a good cause."
  - c) "I understand. You'll find something else."

- Susan: "How could Peter fire you? Were you slacking off?" Bob's reply:
  - a) "No. I was working very hard!"
  - b) "No. I talked on the phone to friends all day."
  - c) "Yes. I was working very hard!"
- Ted: "It's getting late. I'd better start hitting the books." Bob's reply:
  - a) "Yes, that's a good idea. Spend some time studying."
  - b) "Hit the books? Why don't you read them instead?"
  - c) "Why don't you study instead?"
- 4) Peter: "I don't give a hoot how long you've been working here."
  Bob's reply:
  - a) "I wouldn't give you a hoot either."
  - b) "I guess our years together aren't important to you."
  - e) "Yes, it was a long time."
- Bob: "Susan, the truth is that I couldn't stand Peter." Susan's reply:
  - a) "I know. Peter really liked you too."
  - b) "I liked him too. He was a nice guy."
  - c) "I didn't like him either. He was a jerk."
- Susan: "Nicole, do you ever cut class?" Nicole's reply:
  - a) "No. I've never missed a single class."
  - b) "Yes, I had to leave my math class early yesterday."
  - c) "No. Sometimes I go to the mall during class time."
- Bob: "This book on computers is way over my head." Susan's reply:
  - a) "Over your head? It should be in front of your facet"
  - b) "Why don't you start with an easier book?"
  - c) "Here, my this book. It's more difficult."
- Nicole: "I've got my heart set on going to the school picnic." Susan's reply:
  - a) "Okay. You should definitely go."
  - b) "Really? Why don't you want to go?"
  - c) "I understand. Pienies can be boring."

ANSWERS TO LESSON J. p. 160

# ... NICOLE'S DAY AT SCHOOL

Nicole tells her mother Susan about her successful presentation at school. Her brother Ted överhears and interrupts the conversation.

Susan: How was your day at school today, Nicole?

Nicole: It was great, Mom. I gave a presentation on Hillary Clinton in government class. Afterwards, my teacher paid me a compliment.

Susan: What did she say?

Nicole: She said my presentation was head and shoulders above the others.

Susan: Way to go!

Nicole: She also said I should go into politics, just like Hillary.

Ted: You're so gung he about school. It drives me crazy.

Nicole: Ted, don't butt in! You're just jealous.

Ted: Right. You hit the nail on the head. I'm green with envy.

Nicole: Would you just shuf up? You're on thin ice with me right now.

Ted: Oh no! Look at me. I'm shaking in my shoes!



#### IDIOMS - LESSON 4

#### (to) butt in [slang] - to interrupt: to interfere

EXAMPLE 1: Nancy is always butting in to other people's business.

Example 2: Sara is really rude. She always butts in to other people's

conversations.

#### (to) drive one crazy – to annoy someone very much

EXAMPLY 1: Don't ask Mrs. Smith how old she is. It drives her crazy,

Example 2: Please stop chewing gum so loudly. It's driving are crazy!

Synonyms: to drive one auts: to drive one up the wall

#### (to) go into - to enter a profession

EXAMPLE 1: Lisa enjoys arguing with people, so she decaded to go into law.

Example 2: Do you like solving people's problems? If so, you should consider going into psychology.

Note: "Go into" has several other meanings, including:

1. Enter, Go into the house and get a pen.

2. Enter another emotional state. Sally went into hysterics.

Discuss details. I don't have time now to go tute the whole story.

#### green with edvy - desiring another's advantages or things

EXAMPLE 1: When Daniel got promoted to vice president of the bank, his colleagues were green with envy

Example 2: You won the lottery? I'm green with envy!

#### gung bo - very enthusiastic; very excited (about something)

EXAMPLE 1: Heather is really going for about her new job.

EXAMPLE 2: Sharon really loves college. She's very gung ho.

Note: If the expression "gung ho" doesn't sound like English to you, there's a reason. It comes from a Mandarin Chinese phrase meaning "working together." A US Marine Corps commander in China adopted this expression as the motto for his banation during World War 2 and from there it sailed over to the United States and came into common use.

#### head and shoulders above – far superior to

EXAMPLE 1: The Boston Symphony Orchestra is head and shoulders.

Above any other orchestra in the area.

Example 2: I can't believe you only won second prize in the competition.

You were head and shoulders above the first-prize wanner!

#### (to) hit the noil on the head - to be right

EXAMPLE 1: Dawn for the nail on the head when she said that Tiffany is isslous of Amber

EXAMPLE 2: Sieve hit the paid on the head with his idea of moving his company's manufacturing facility to China.

(to be) on thin ice (with someone) – to be in a dangerous position; to be temporarily on somebody's bad side

Example 1: Joey was **on thin ice** with his morn after he spent his lunch money on condy bars.

EXAMPLE 2: Bill was on thin ice with his girlfriend after she saw him at the movie theater with another girl.

Note. There is also the variation "to skate on thin ice." Joey knew he was skating on thin ice when he bought cardy with his lunch money.

(to) pay (someone) a compliment – to give someone a compliment; to offer someone an admiring comment

EXAMPLE 1: Professor Russo paid Jennifer a compliment. He said she had a beautiful smile.

EXAMPLE 2: Isn'l it wonderful to pay someone a compliment? It makes them feel good, and it doesn't cost you anything!

#### (to) shake in one's shoes - to tremble with fear; to be afraid

Example 1: Brianna is scared of her French teacher, Monsieur Le Monsure. Whenever he speaks to her. Brianna starts shaking in her shoes.

Example 2: During the storm. Billy was hiding under his kitchen table and was really shaking in his shoes.

#### shut ap

be quiet, stop speaking.

EXAMPLE: The professor talked for hours. I thought he'd never shot up.

Stop speaking!

EXAMPLE: Nicole kept telling Ted to rum down his stereo. Finally, he got angry and said, "Shut up!"

Note: Remember that telling somebody to "shut up!" is rude. It's better to say "Be quiet!" or more politely, "Please be quiet!"

#### Way to go! - Good work!

Example 1: You won \$2,000 in the poetry writing contest? Way to go!

EXAMPLE 2: That was an interesting article you wrote. Way to go!

#### 3. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

#### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

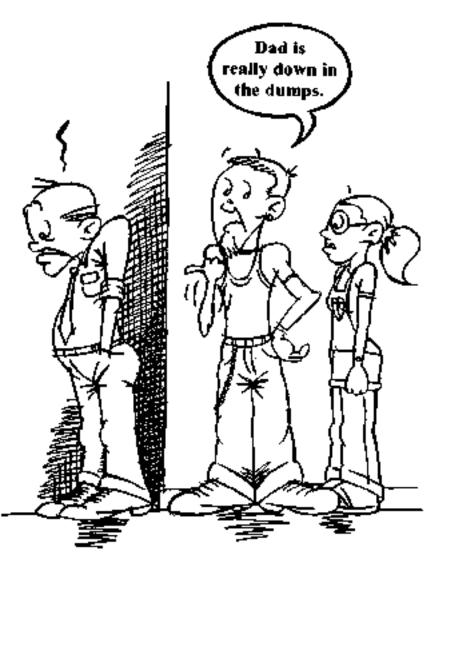
<ol> <li>Nicole is in a good mood because her teacher he compliment.</li> </ol>				
a) told	b)	paid	c) provided	
Nicole's teacher to her classmates.	ld k	er she was	_ and shoulders above	
a) elbow	b)	neck	c) head	
When my friend Chad told me he'd just won the lottery, I was with envy.				
a) blue	b)	green	c) red	
When you do some "Way!"	ethi	ng well, your bo	oss might tell you,	
a) to come	b)	to go	c) to act	
		ered my house, l	was in the kitchen	
a) slippers	b)	pajamas	c) shoes	
If somebody is boting you	her	ing you, you can	n tell them they're driv	
a) crazy	b)	angry	c) umhappy	
lf you like power.	you	might consider	going politics.	
a) above	b)	towards	c) into	
_	-	-	or the past two hours.	
a) up	b)	in	c) off	
	a) told  Nicole's teacher to her classmates. a) elbow  When my friend C was with env a) blue  When you do some  Way!" a) to come  When the robbers shaking in my a) slippers  If somebody is botting you a) crazy  If you like power. a) above  "You've been yellicould you just she	a) told b)  Nicole's teacher told be her classmates. a) elbow b)  When my friend Chadwas with envy. a) blue b)  When you do somethis "Way!" a) to come b)  When the robbers entershaking in my a) slippers b)  If somebody is bothering you a) crazy b)  If you like power, you a) above b)  "You've been yelling: Could you just shut	a) told b) paid  Nicole's teacher told her she was her classmates. a) elbow b) neck  When my friend Chad told me he'd juwas with envy. a) blue b) green  When you do something well, your be "Way!" a) to come b) to go  When the robbers entered my house, I shaking in my a) slippers b) pajamas  If somebody is bothering you, you can ing you a) crazy b) angry  If you like power, you might consider a) above b) towards  "You've been yelling and screaming the Could you just shut already?"	

#### O BONUS PRACTICE

#### Choose the best substitute for the phrase or sentence in bold:

- When her friend Anna got into Yale, Nicole was green with envy.
  - a) sick
  - b) happy for her
  - c) very jealous
- Bob and Susan are really gung be about the TV show Survivor. They watch it every Thursday night.
  - a) enthusiastic
  - b) concerned
  - c) angry
- 3) Shut up! I can't take any more of your screaming.
  - a) Talk louder!
  - b) Be quiet!
  - c) Ciet out!
- 4) You got a scholarship to attend Harvard? Way to go!
  - a) Too bad!
  - b) Good work!
  - c) Oh well!
- 5) Please don't butt in! We weren't talking to you.
  - a) look at us
  - b) disagree with us
  - interrupt our conversation
- 6) These cookies aren't very good. I think you hit the mall on the head when you said I should add more sugar next time.
  - a) Were wrong
  - b) were right
  - c) were confused

ANSWERS TO LESSON 4, p. 140



>>

# TED GOES OUT FOR THE EVENING

Ted leaves to go visit his girlfriend Amber. Ted's mother Susan says she doesn't really like Amber.

She wishes him a good time anyway.

Ted: See you later, Morn!

Susan. Where are you going, Ted?

Ted: I told Amber I'd drop by.

Susan: What are you two going to do?

Ted: Maybe go to the movies or to a party. Our plans are still up in the air.

Susan. Why don't you invite her over here?

Ted: I don't want to hang around here. Dad is really down in the dumps.

Susan: Is Amber the girl with the nose ring and the purple hair?

Ted: Yeah. I'm crazy about her!

Susan: Don't take this the wrong way, but she's not exactly my cup of tea.

Ted: Take it easy, Mom. We're not about to get married. We just enjoy hanging out together.

Susan: I guess there's no accounting for taste. Have a good time.

Ted: Don't worry. We'll have a blast!

Susan: (under her breath) That's what I're afraid of!



#### IDIOMS - LESSON 5

about to - see Lesson !

#### (to be) crazy about - to like very much

EXAMPLE 1: Aimy is so crazy about golf, she'd like to play every day.

EXAMPLE 2: I'm sure Katie will agree to go out on a date with Sam. She's crazy about him!

#### cup of tea - the type of person or thing that one generally likes

EXAMPLE 1: Hockey isn't Alan's cup of tea. He prefers soccer.

Example 2: I know Joy is nice, but she's simply not my cup of ten.

Note: This expression is almost always used in the negative. She's <u>not</u> my cap of tea.

#### (to be) down in the dumps - to feel sad; to be depressed

EXAMPLE 1: It's not surprising that Lisa is down in the durings. Paws, the cut she had for 20 years, just died.

EXAMPLE 2: It's easy to feel down in the dumps when it's raining outside.

#### (to) drop by - to pay a short, often unannounced visit.

EXAMPLE 1: If we have time before the movie, let's drop by Bill's house. Example 2: "Hi, I was in the neighborhood so I thought I'd drop by!"

#### (to) hang around - to spend time idly; to linger

Example 1: We had to hang around the airport for an extra six bours because our flight was deleved.

EXAMPLE 2: Nina's boyfriend Botis is coming over soon. She hopes her parents aren't planning on hanging around the house.

#### (to) hang out - to spend time (often doing nothing)

EXAMPLE 1: Ted spent oil of last summer hanging out by his friend's pool.

EXAMPLE 2: Kathy and ber friends like to hang out at the mall.

Note: "Hang out with" means to keep company with someone.

#### (to) have a blast (slang) - to enjoy oneself very much

Example 1: Last summer, Nicole had a blast backpacking through Europe with some friends.

EXAMPLE 2: Heather spent her spring break in Fort Lauderdale with millions of other college students. She had a blast!

#### (to) have a good time - to enjoy oneself

EXAMPLE 1: Morey and José had a good time salsa dancing at Babalu, a nightelub in Manhattan.

EXAMPLE 2: Nora and Jake had a good time on their honeymoon in Maul.

#### take it easy - relax; don't worry

EXAMPLE 1: You lost your keys? Take it easy. I'm sure you'll find them. EXAMPLE 2: Stop yelling and take it easy. I'm sure there's a good explanation for why Joe borrowed your car without asking first.

#### (to) take something the wrong way - to take offense

EXAMPLE 1: Don't take this the wrong way, but I liked your hair better before you got it cut.

EXAMPLE 2: Jessica is offended. I guess she took if the wrong way when I told her she should exercise more.

Note: This expression is often used in the negative form: "Don't take this the wrong way, but..."

### there's no accounting for taste – it's impossible to explain individual likes and dislikes

EXAMPLE 1: Ted takes to put sugar on his spaghetti. I guess there's no accounting for taste.

EXAMPLE 2: Tiltany has a tattoo of a squirrel on her leg. There's no accounting for taste.

#### under one's breath - quietly; in a whisper

EXAMPLE 1: "Amber is strange," mustered Nicole under her breath, as Ted was leaving the room.

Example 2. Mike agreed to take out the garbage, soying under his breath, "I always do the dirty work around here."

#### (to be) up in the air - not yet determined; uncertain

Example 1. It might rain later, so our plans for the picnic are up in the air.

EXAMPLE 2 Our trip to Kussia is up in the air. We aren't sure we'll get our visas in time.

#### 3. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

#### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

I)	Bob was fired. It's dumps.	s not surprising	that he's down the	:
	a) at	b) in	c) with	
2)	Ted thinks Amber	is wonderful. H	e's just crazy her.	
	a) about	b) around	c) into	
3)	"Don't this t girlfriend," said		but I really don't like ye	our
	a) understand	b) put	c) take	
4)	Ted likes to hang	with Amb	er. She's fun to be with	h.
	a) on	b) out	c) in	
5)	Ted decided to go he d drop	over to Amber'	s house. He'd promisec	i he
	a) by	b) around	c) near	
6)	Bob and Susan do Their travel plans		they'll go on vacation. the air.	ı
	a) áround	b) in	c) above	
7)	Judy muttered son couldn't quite hea	-	her breath, but l	
	a) about	b) under	c) below	
8)	Why are you hang day? You should		ruse on such a beautiful ring the weather.	
	a) inside	b) from	c) around	
	ANSWERS TO LESS	ON 5, p. 160		



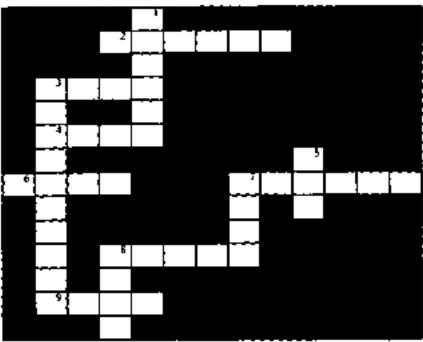
# Review for Lessons 1-5

#### FILL in the blank with the missing word:

t)	After copying from his friend's paper during the test, Ted was on ice with his chemistry teacher.							
	a) thick	b) thin	c) dangerous					
2)	Ted's teacher hit the on the head. Ted should spend less time playing gurtar and more time studying.							
	a) tack	b) nait	c) screw					
3)	_	ever listens to wh	end's husband. He talks too at anybody else is saying.					
	a) coffee	<b>b)</b> cocoa	c) tea					
4)			to New York University, he's d start studying more.					
	a) life	h) brain	e) heart					
5)	It's not surprisiz	ng that Nicole get	s such good grades. She's as					
	a) smart	b) sharp	c) clever					
6)	When Peter		very scary. He throws fur-					
	a) loses	b) finds	с) ореля					
7)	After Jane starte proving immed		, her grades started (m-					
	a) work	b) books	c) leachers					

8)	Nicole said sor When I asked I	nething her bi for to repeat it, she	reath, but I couldn't hear it. refused.				
	a) on	tuoda (d	c) under				
9)	Will Ted ever t	e the best student i	a his class? Sure, when				
	a) sheep	b) goals	c) pigs				
l0)	-	tude leads to succes ortant to keep your	ss. When things get dif- up.				
	a) chin	b) neck	c) head				
(1)		ressed becaus doctor's appointme	e the traffic was making on.				
	a) over	b) out	c) up				
12)	<ol> <li>Frank knew that the judge had already decided be was guilty. There was no point arguing with him.</li> </ol>						
	a) in	b) around	c) about				
13)	Some people : Nicole c		isan are sisters. That really				
	a) does	b) causes	c) drives				
14)		lacking since prising that he's doi	the first day of high school, ng so poorly.				
	a) around	b) off	c) about				
[5)	•	pression in the 193 living from hand t	0's, many families in				
	a) arm	b) mouth	c) hand				

#### CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Acress
<ol><li>"What's the?" Sue asked Bob. "You look very unhappy."</li></ol>
3. Sue doesn't want Bob to be sad. She wants him to keep his u
4. Boh's boss doesn't want Bob hack. He's already made up his
6. After failing his chemistry class once, Ted is taking it again. "Don'
it this time!" said his father.
<ol> <li>Bob doesn't like the people at Honest Abe's Furniture Store. They give him the</li> </ol>
8. Ted's father wants him to study more. He tells Ted to hit the
9. You got an "A" in every subject? That's very impressive! You mus
be as sharp as a
Dawa
1. Rob was Now he needs to find a new job.
3. Nicole's teacher was pleased with her and paid her a
5. Ted's fancy new CD player cost an arm and a
7. Ted is doing poorly in chemistry because he class so often.
8. I wouldn't trust Lisa. She has a long history of stabbing her friend
in the

ANSWERS TO REVIEW, p. 161



### SUSAN STAYS HOME AND DAKES COOKIES

Susan decides to cheer up her husband. Bob loves her homemade cookies. Nicole suggests she start a cookie business.

Susan: Bob, I baked cookies for you.

Bob: That was so nice of you, dear. You've got a heart of gold!

Susan: Go ahead and pig out!

Boh: These are delicious!

Susan: I thought they might cheer you up. You've been in a

bud moed lately.

Bob: I guess I have been a little on edge. But these cookies

are just what the doctor ordered?

Nicole: Do I smell cookies?

Susan: Yes, Nicole, Help yourself.

Nicole: Yum-yum.\* These are out of this world. You could go

into business selling these!

Bob: You could call them Susan's Scrumptious Cookies.

You'd make a bundle.

Susan: Good thinking!

Nicole: Don't forget to give me credit for the idea after you're rich and famous!

Susan. You know I always give credit where credit is due!

\* Yum-yum: this is said when something is delicious. You can also say "mmm, mmm" or "mmm-mmm, good."



#### **IDIOMS - LESSON 6**

#### (to) cheer someone up to make someone happy

Example 1: Susan called her friend in the hospital to cheer her up.

Example 2: My father has been depressed for weeks now. I don't know what to do to cheer him up.

Note: You can tell somebody to "Cheer up!" if they are feeling sad.

### (to) give (someone) credit – to acknowledge someone's contribution; to recognize a positive trait in someone

Example 1. The scientist gave his assistant credit for the discovery.

EXAMPLE 2: I can't believe you asked your boss for a raise when your company is doing so poorly. I must give you credit for your courage!

## (to) give credit where credit is due - to give thanks or acknowledgement to the person who deserves it

Example: I will be sure to thank you when I give my speech. I always give credit where credit is due.

#### (to) go into business - to start a business

Example 1: Jeff decided to go into business selling baseball cards.

Example 2: Eva went into business selling her homemade muffins.

#### good thinking - good idea; smart planning

EXAMPLE 1: I'm glad you brought an umbrella — that was good thinking!

Example 2: You reserved our movie tickets over the Internet? Good thinking!

#### (to) have a heart of gold - to be very kind and giving

Example 1: Alexander has a heart of gold and always thinks of others before houself

Example 2: You adopted five children from a Romanian orphanage?

You've got a heart of gold!

#### Help yourself - serve yourself

Example 1: "Help yourselves to cookies and coffee," said Maria before the meeting started.

EXAMPLE 2: You don't need to wait for me to offer you something. Please just help yourself to whatever you want.

Note: Pay attention to the reflexive form: Help yourself in singular, help yourselves in plural.

#### (to be) in a bad mood - unhappy; depressed; irritable

EXAMPLE 1: After her boyfnend broke up with her. Nicole was **in a bad** meed for several days.

EXAMPLE 2. I don't like to see you in a bad mood. How can I cheer you up?

#### just what the doctor ordered - exactly what was needed

EXAMPLE 1: Martin wanted a hot drink after spending the day skiing. A cup of hot cocca was just what the doctor ordered.

EXAMPLE 2: Our trip to Florida was so relaxing. It was just what the doctor ordered?

#### (to) make a bundle - to make a lot of money

EXAMPLE 1: Bob's friend Charles made a bundle in the stock market and retired at age 45.

Example 2: Sara made a bundle selling her old fur coats on eBay, a website where you can buy and sell used things.

#### (to be) on edge - nervous; irritable

Example 1: Whenever Susan feels on edge, she takes several deep breaths and starts to feel more relaxed.

EXAMPLE 2: Ever since his car accident, Neil has felt on edge.

#### out of this world - delicious

EXAMPLE 1: Mrs. Field's catment raisin cookies are out of this world!

Example 2: Minimin, I love your chicken soup. It's out of this world!

#### (to) pig out [slang] - to eat greedily; to stuff oneself

Example 1. Ted pigged out on hot dogs and hamburgers at the barbeque and then got a stomachache.

EXAMPLE 2: "Nicole, stop **pigging out** on cookies or you'll never be able to set your dinner!"

Note: Pay attention to the preposition "on" after the verb "to pig out." One can pig out on hotdogs, pig out on candy, pig out on ice cream.

#### S PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

#### Choose the best substitute for the phrase or sentence in bold:

- Thanks for baking cookies for me. You've got a heart of gold.
  - a) You're a very nice person.
  - b) You're a reliable person.
  - c) You're very generous with your money.
- 2) I baked these cookies for you. Why don't you pig out?
  - a) Please take just one cookie.
  - Take as many cookies as you like.
  - c) Why don't you ever eat my cookies?
- I know you'll like my cookies since you've got a sweet touth.
  - a) your teeth are hurting
  - b) you don't like sweet things
  - c) you like sweet things
- You should go into business selling cookles.
  - a) You should go to the store and buy some cookies.
  - b) You should try to get a job baking cookies.
  - c) You should start a company that sells cookies.
- 5) I baked these cookies. Help yourself!
  - a) Let me get you one!
  - b) Take some!
  - c) You need to get some help!
- 6) If you went into business selling these delicious cookies, you'd make a bundle.
  - a) you'd make many cookies
  - b) you'd make a lot of money
  - c) you'd make a few dollars

#### 7) Good thinking!

- a) That's a good idea!
- b) It's good that you're thinking!
- c) Keep thinking good thoughts!
- I was thirsty. This ided ten is just what the doctor ordered.
  - a) exactly what I needed
  - b) very healthy for me
  - e) exactly what my doctor recommended

ANSWERS TO LESSON 6, p. 161



### SUSAN HIRES BOD TO RUN HER BUSINESS

Pusan stays up all night thinking about her workie business. In the morning, she discusses it with Bob. Bob agrees to work for her.

Bob: You're up bright and early this morning, Susan.

Susan: I didn't sleep a wink. I was awake all night thinking

about the new business.

**Bob:** Running your own business is lots of work. Are you

prepared to work like a dog?

Susan: No. But I am prepared to hire you to run the business.

Bob. You want me to run a cookie business? Fat chance!

Susan: Why not?

Bob: I don't have a clue about making cookies. I don't even

know how to turn the oven on!

Susan: I'll give you a crash course.

Bob: Do I have to do the baking?

Susan: No. You'll just manage the business side.

Bob: Needless to say, I have mixed feelings about working

for you.

Susan: I'll be nice. I promise you'll be a happy camper.

Bob: Okay. Let's give it a shot, boss!



#### **IDIOMS - LESSON 7**

#### bright and early – early in the morning

Example 1: Our flight to Berlin leaves at 7.00 a.m. tomorrow, so we'll have to get up bright and early.

Example 2: We have lots of cookies to bake so we'll have to start bright and early tomorrow.

Symonym: at the crack of dawn

#### crash course - short and intensive instruction

EXAMPLE 1: Yesterday, Joan's son sat down with her for a couple of hours and gave her a crash course on using the Internet.

EXAMPLE 2: Rachel had a date on Friday night with an auto mechanic. He gave her a crash course on changing her oil

#### Fat chance! - definitely not

EXAMPLE 1: The boys at school are always laughing at Dana Will she be invited to the school dance? Put chance!

Example 2: You want to borrow my new car and drive it across the country? Fat chance?

Symonylas: never in a million years; no way?

#### (to) give it a shot - to try something

Example 1. I've never tried to make wine in my bothtub before, but perhaps I'll give it a shot,

EXAMPLE 2: You can't open that jur? Let me give it a shot.

Synonyms: to give it a try; to try one's hand at something

Note: "To give it one's best shot" means to try as hard as one can. I know you're nervous about the interview — just give it your best shot.

#### happy camper [slang] - a happy person; a satisfied participant

EXAMPLE 1: When Linda's passport was stolen in Florence, she was not a happy camper.

Example 2: Steve is taking five difficult courses this semester. He's not a happy camper!

Note: This expression is usually used in the negative (not a happy cumper).

## (to have) mixed feelings – to feel positive about one aspect of something and negative about another

Example 1: When our houseguesis decided to stay for another week, I had mixed feelings. On the one hand, I enjoyed hanging out with them. On the other hand, I was tired of cooking for them.

EXAMPLE 2: I have mixed feelings about the president of our company. He's good with the clients, but he's nasty to his employees.

#### needless to say - obviously

EXAMPLE 1: You've got a test tomorrow morning. Needless to say, you can't stay out late tonight.

Example 2: Needless to say, you shouldn't have waited until Christmas. Eve to do your shopping. The stores are going to be very crowded!

Symonym: it goes without saying. Example: You've got a test tomorrow, so it goes without saying that you can't stay out late (onight.

#### (to) not have a chie to know nothing about

EXAMPLE 1: Bob talks about working at McDonald's, but the fruth is he doesn't have a clue about making hamburgers.

Example 2: "Do you know how to fix a broken printer?" = "No, I don't have a clue!"

#### (to) not sleep a wink - to be awake all night

EXAMPLE 1: Ted was so nervous about his chemistry test that he didn't sleep a wink the night before.

Example 2: It's not surprising that Jill didn't sleep a while last night. She drank a large cup of coffee before going to bed.

#### (to) work like a dog - to work very hard

Example 1: Larry became an investment banker after college, and now he works like a dog.

Example 2: Al worked like a dog on his term paper and got an "A+" on it.

Symphysis: to work one's tail off; to work like a horse; to work one's fingers to the bone

#### S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

1)	Bob was surprise morning.	d to see his wife up	p and early in the			
	a) light	b) bright	c) ready			
2)	Last week I work	ed 80 hours. I reali	ly worked like a			
	a) dog	b) cat	c) squirrel			
3) Bob had never baked anything before in his life. He did even have a about how to turn the oven on.						
	a) hint	b) suggestion	c) clue			
4)	If you need to lea	on something quick	kly, you'd better take a			
	a) crash	b) fast	c) beginner's			
5)	Bob wasn't sure I feelings.	ne wanted to work	for his wife. He had			
	a) nervous	b) mixed	c) confused			
6)	Jennifer's boss is happy	lousy and her sala	ry is low. She's not a			
	a) scout	b) tourist	c) camper			
7)	Bob decided to w	ork for Susan. He f	igured he'd give it a			
	a) shot	b) pop	c) choice			
8)	Nicole was up all didn't sleep a		r Spanish homework. Sho			
	a) drink	b) blink	c) wink			
	ANSWERS TO LESS	ON 7, p. 161				

### TED FORMS A ROCK BAND

Ted plans to become a successful musician.
First, he needs Susan to loan him money for a
new guitar. Susan suggests that Ted bake cookies to earn the money.

Susan: You're in good spirits today, Ted.

Ted: I've got great news, Mom.

Susan: What is it?

*Ted:* Amber and I are going to start a rock band!

Susan: Good for you!

Ted: Morn, I'm not going to beat around the bush. I need to borrow \$1,000 for a new guitar.

Susan: Ted, your father and I can't shell out that much. We seen't made of money.

\*\*Red: You're not? I thought you were millionaires, like Donald and Ivana Trump!\*

Susan: Ha ha. This is no time to be a wise guy!

Ted: I promise I'll pay you back.

Susan: How?

Ted: We're going to take the music world by storm and make lots of money.

Susan: That sounds like a pipe dream. Aren't high school rock bands a dime a dozen?

Ted: Yeah, but we're different. With my guitar playing and Amber's beautiful voice, we're sure to make a splash!

Susan: Well, we're going through hard times. You're going to have to work for that \$1,000.

Ted: How?

Susan: You can bake cookies.

Ted: I bet Mrs. Clapton never made Eric\*\* bake cookies, but I guess those are the breaks.

- \* Donald Trump is a famous American millionaire who made his money in real estate. Ivana is his ex-wife
- \*\* Eric Clapton is a very popular guitarist.



#### IDIOMS - LESSON 8

(to) beat around the bush - to talk around the subject; to avoid getting to the point

EXAMPLE 1: Kara beat around the bush for an hour, then finally told us she needed a ride to Kennedy Airport.

EXAMPLE 2: If you want something, tell me. Don't beat around the bush!

dime a dozen – so plentiful as to be nothing special; common

EXAMPLE 1: Reality TV shows are a dime a dozen these days.

EXAMPLE 2: There are so many Starbucks coffee shops in Manhaitan, they're a dime a dezen.

Note: This expression comes from the fact that a "dime" is worth only ten cents (very little value)

#### Good for you! - Good job! Well done!

Example 1: You won \$100,000 on the TV game show Jeopardy? Good for you!

EXAMPLE 2: You passed your math test? Good for you!

#### hard times - a time of difficulty

EXAMPLE 1: Since his wife left him for her dentist. Dan has been going through hard firmes.

Example 2: Nancy's family is going through kard times. Her father just lost his job.

#### (to be) in good spirits - happy; in a good mood

EXAMPLE 1: After she won the tennis tournament, Elizabeth was in good spirits.

Example 2. Sam was to good spirits after receiving his Christmas bonus.

#### made of money – very rich

EXAMPLE 1: My neighbor is re-modeling his house to look like Versailles.

He doesn't have good taste, but he certainly is made of money.

Example 2: May about the willing to long your \$10,000 to start you.

Example 2: Max should be willing to loan you \$10,000 to start your new business. He's made of money

SYNONYMS: Readed; rolling in dough: to have money to burn

#### (to) make a splash – to win popularity quickly

**EXAMPLE 1** Nicole's beautiful cousin Cecilia from Santo Domingo really **made** a spinsh at the high school dance.

Example 2. Those new jeans really made a spinsh. All the kids are wearing them.

Smooth: to be a hit

#### (to) pay (someone) back - to repay a loan or debt

Example 1: Nicole paid her friend back the \$10 she borrowed.

EXAMPLE 2: You can borrow \$50, but don't forget to pay me back!

Note: "Pay back" also means to "get revenge." Example I know you're the one who stole my car, and one day I'll think of a way to pay you back!

#### Pipe dream – an unrealistic hope

EXAMPLE 1: Susan would like to move to New Zealand and write romance novels, but she knows that's just a pine dream.

EXAMPLE 2: You want to become a famous actor on Breadway? That sounds like a pipe dream.

#### (to) shell out - to pay (often more than one would like).

EXAMPLE 1: Bob shelled out \$5,000 for Nicole's piano lessons before she decided she'd rather play the flute.

EXAMPLE 2. How much april going to have to shell out to get two tickets to the Rolling Stones concert?

#### (to) take (something) by storm - to win popularity quickly

Example 1: The play "The Producers" really took New York by storm.

Example 2. That new restaurant really took Chicago by storm!

## (that's or those are) the breaks - when something bad happens and you can't do anything about it

EXAMPLE 1: By the time we got to the theater, the new Harry Potter movie was already sold out. Oh well, that's the hyeaks!

Example 2: Your glasses fell on a rock and broke while you were fishing? Those are the breaks!

## wise guy [slang] - a smart aleck; one who makes a lot of sarcastic comments

EXAMPLE 1: When Mrs. Lee asked Joey what he wanted to be when he grew up, he said, "An adult." She told him not to be such a wise guy. EXAMPLE 2: That clork in the video store is a real wise guy. He's always making nasty comments about the customers.

Synoxysis: wise ass [rude], smart ass [rude].

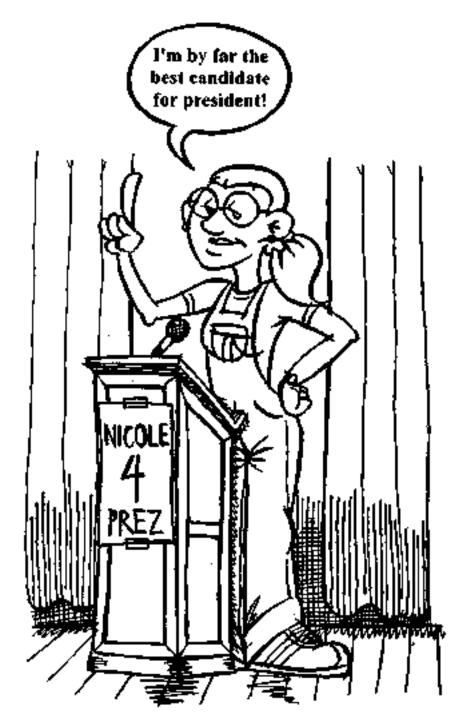
#### S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

#### Choose the best substitute for the phrase in bold:

- I'm in good spirits today because I got a promotion at work.
  - a) happy
  - b) drunk
  - c) tired
- Renting an apartment on Park Avenue in Manhattan is difficult, unless you're made of money.
  - a) wealthy
  - b) strange
  - c) fainous

- My friend's daughter paints beautiful pictures. In a few years, she'll take the art world by storm.
  - a) something bad will happen and she'll lose her job
  - b) she'll draw an excellent painting of a storm
  - a) she'll become a very successful artist
- Susan thinks that Ted's plan to become a famous rock star is a pipe dream.
  - a) something that is not likely to happen
  - b) Ted's biggest hope
  - c) something very realistic
- If you're looking for a new suit, you shouldn't have a problem. Clothing shops in this town are a dime a dozen.
  - a) hard to find
  - b) everywhere
  - c) lousy
- 6) Ted performed at his high school dance. He knew he'd made a splash when all the girls started singing along.
  - a) done something wrong
  - b) made a very positive impression
  - c) created waves
- Being a wise guy can be fun, but it might not make you popular with your teachers.
  - a) a very intelligent person
  - b) an obnoxious person who makes sarcastic comments
  - c) a person whom everybody admires
- Nicole wants to attend Yale, but her parents don't want to shell out \$100,000 for the tuition.
  - a) waste
  - b) save
  - c) pay

ANSWERS TO LESSON 8, p. 161



### NICOLE FOR PRESIDENT!

Nicole discusses her plans to run for student body president. Nicole wants Ted to ask his friends to vote for her. Ted agrees, in exchange for Nicole's help with his homework.

Nicole: I've decided to run for student body president! If I'm going to become a senator one day, I should get some experience under my helt now

Ted: Andrea Jenkins is also running. She'll give you a run for your money!

Nicole: Andrea Jenkins is an idiot. I'm by far the better condidate.

Ted: Don't be so full of yourself! I might vote for Andrea.

Nicole: Stop kidding around, Let's get down to business. I need your help.

Ted: You want me to help you?

Nicole: Yes. I need you to talk your triends into voting for me.

Ted: But you never give my friends the time of day. All you give them is the cold shoulder.

Nicole: That's because they've got blue hair and nose rings!

Ted: They're better than your friends — a bunch of goody-

goodies and brown-nosers!

Nicole: That's beside the point. Let's talk about your friends.

and their votes.

Ted: Okay. You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours. If

you do my chemistry homework, I'll help you get the

voles.

Nicole: I'm not crazy about that idea. But, okay, it's a deal. [

hope I can count on you.



#### IDIOMS - LESSON 9

beside the point - see Lesson 3

**brown-noser** [slang] – a person who's constantly trying to win favor with people above them, such as teachers or bosses

Example 1: Lauren is such a hown-noser. She's always telling her teacher how much she enjoys class.

EXAMPLE 2: Dennis brought the boss lunch today? What a brown-moser!

Note: You will also see the verb form of this expression: "To brown-nose." Example: Dennis is always brown-nosing the boss, but I still don't think he's going to get a promotion.

by far - by a wide margin; by a great difference

EXAMPLE 1: Some people think Tom Hanks is by far the best actor m. America today

EXAMPLE 2: Mediterranean Grill is by far the best restaurant in town. No wonder it's so hard to get a reservation there!

SYNOXYMS: by a long shot; far and away; hands down.

#### (to) count on someone – to depend or rely on someone

Example 1: My brother has a great sense of humor, so I can always count on him to cheer me up.

Example 2: If I can count on you to wake me up, I won't set my alarm clock.

#### (to be) crazy about - see Lesson 3

#### full of oneself - to think too much of oneself

EXAMPLE 1. After Angels appeared on the cover of Fogue magazine, she was really full of herself.

EXAMPLE 2: Mitch thinks he's really great. He's so full of himself.

#### (to) get down to business – to get serious about a task

EXAMPLE 1: The book club members spent the first two hours of their meeting eating and drinking before finally getting down to business.

EXAMPLE 2: Our dinner guests are arriving in two hours. We'd better get down to business and start preparing.

### (to) get or to have under one's belt – to have or to get experience

Example 1: Kristen had three years of working for a large law firm under her belt before leaving to stan her own firm.

EXAMPLE 2: Emie needs to get an MBA under his belt to get the job he wants.

### (to) give (someone) a run for (one's) money – to be strong competition

Example 1: We lost the soccer tournament, but we certainly gave the girls from Stamford High School a run for their money.

EXAMPLE 2: Time is a good lennis player and always gives me a run for money.

## (to) give someone the cold shoulder - to be cold to someone on purpose; to snub someone

EXAMPLE 1: When Lists saw Amber at the mall, she didn't even stop to talk to her. She really gave her the cold shoulder.

Example 2: I can't understand why Joe would give you the cold shoulder. I thought you two were good friends!

SYNONYM: to blow someone off. Example: Amber can't understand why Lisa blew from off at the matt.

(to not) give someone the time of day – to ignore someone; to refuse to pay any attention to someone

EXAMPLE 1: Sandra never gave me the time of day back in college, but now she calls me all the time for advice.

EXAMPLE 2: Why don't you find a new stockbroker? Yours is always so busy, she barely gives you the time of day.

#### goody-goody - self-righteously or smugly good

EXAMPLE 1: Gnody-gnodies usually sit in the front row and smile at the teacher during class.

EXAMPLE 2: Samantha is a real goody-goody. She always offers to erase the blackboard at the end of class.

SYNOWYMS: goody two-shoes; teacher's pet

#### it's a deal - I agree (to a proposal or offer).

Example 1: You'll make dinner every night for a month if I help you with your homework? Okav, it's a deal!

EXAMPLE 2: "If you take up all the leaves in front of the house. I'll do the dishes." - "It's a deal?"

#### (to) kid around - to joke around; to lease

Example 1: Jeremy loves to kid around, so don't be offended by any-thing he says.

Example 2. White they were kidding around, Tim accidentally poked Rob in the eye. He had to be rushed to the emergency room of the hospital.

Note: You will often here this in the negative "not kidding around." This means to take something very seriously. Example: The White House is not kidding around with airport security.

#### (to) talk into - to persuade; to convince

EXAMPLE 1: Chris didn't want to jump out of the plane, but Erin talked him into it

Example 2: Stop trying to talk me into going to the dance club on Saturday night. I already decided that I'm going to Maria's party instead.

### you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours — if you do me a favor. I'll do you a favor; lct's cooperate

Example 1: I'll help you with your homework if you do the dishes. You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.

EXAMPLE 2. If I drive you into the city, will you pick up my dry cleaning? You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.

#### S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

Fill in the black with t	he missing word:
--------------------------	------------------

I)	Nicole is very	reliable. You can a	iways count her.
	a) in	b) on	e) with
2)			nd I'll do something nice for and I'll scratch yours.
	a) back	b) neck	c) foot
3)	Stop kidding	! Tell me wher	e you hid my shoes.
	a) about	b) around	e) into
4)		that Lisa gave you wo were friends	the _ shoulder. L
	a) hot	<ul><li>b) freezing</li></ul>	c) cold
5)	Ted's friends at them it.	didn't want to vote	for Nicole, but Ted talked
	a) into	b) around	c) for
6)	•	Greene wasf the election because	ar the more qualified can- se of a scandal.
	a) way	b) in	c) by
7)		ly full herself beautiful woman in	She thinks she's the smart- the world.
	a) with	b) of	e) in
8)	Nicole thinks her the		ob. She says Andrea won't
	a) give	b) allow	c) tell
	ANSWERS TO L	ESSON 9, p. 162	



# DOD VISITS THE VILLAGE MARKET

Bob goes to the Village Market, a supermarket in town. He asks Carol, the owner of the store, if she would like to sell Susan's Scrumptious Cookies. Carol agrees, but isn't able to tell Bob how much she'll pay him.

Bob: Thank you for making time for me today, Carol.

Carol: Don't mention it, Bob. What's up?

**Bob:** My wife baked these cookies from scratch. Please take one.

Carol: Mmmm, chewy. These are out of this world!

Bob: My wife's a great cook.

Carol: You can say that again. I don't want to make a pig of myself, but let me take a few more.

Bob: Olnk oink! Just kidding!

Carol: I'd like to self these at the Village Market. My customers will go nuts over these!

Bob: How much would you pay us for each cookie?

Carol: I'm not sure. I need to roll up my sleeves and figure out the finances.

Bob: Can you give me a ballpark figure now?

Carol: I don't want to jump the gun. Sit tight for now, and we'll talk things over this evening.



#### **IDIOMS - LESSON 10**

#### ballpank figure – an approximate number

EXAMPLE 1: The auto mechanic didn't know exactly how much the repairs would cost, but he was able to give me a ballpark figure.

Example 2: The plumber estimated that it would cost \$150 to fix our stak, but that was just a ballpark figure.

#### Don't mention it! - you're welcome

EXAMPLE 1: "Thanks for bringing the cookies," I said to Susan. "Don's mention it!" she replied

EXAMPLE 2: "Thanks for picking up my suit at the dry cleaners." - "Den't mention it. It was my pleasure."

#### (to) figure out - to solve; to determine

EXAMPLE 1: Ted couldn't figure out one of his much problems, so he asked his sister for help.

EXAMPLE 2: Susan is sure she'll never digure out why kids today behave the way they do.

## from scratch – from the beginning; using all fresh ingredients rather than using a prepared mix

EXAMPLE 1: The house was m such bad shape, they decided to tear it down and re-build it from scratch.

EXAMPLE 2: You baked these muffins from scratch? They're debelous!

#### (to) go nuts [slang] - to react with great enthusiasm

Example 1: When Tiger Woods got a hole-in-one during the golf-tournament, the crowd went muts.

EXAMPLE 2: When Eminem appeared on stage, everybody went nots.

Note: This expression also means "to go crazy" or "to become crazy with anger." Example: Jim went nots when his wife told him she was leaving him for another man.

### (to) jump the gun - to start doing something too soon or ahead of everybody else

EXAMPLE 1: Nicole really jumped the gan by writing her acceptance speech before the results of the elections were announced.

EXAMPLE 2: The bookstore jumped the gun by selling the new Harry Potter book two weeks before its official release date.

#### Just kidding talking more to get a laugh than anything

EXAMPLE 1: I was just kidding when I said your new orange dress makes you look like a pumplain.

EXAMPLE 2: Are you sure that's your boyfriend? I thought he was your grandfather. Just kidding!

#### (to) make a pig of oneself [slang] - to overeat; to eat too much

Example 1: I made a pig of myself by cating four slices of pie.

Example 2: Of course you could est another hamburger, but you don't want to make a pig of yourself.

#### (to) make time for - to put time in one's schedule for something

Example 1: Don is a busy lawyer, but be always makes time for his family.

Example 2: I'll be sure to make time for you when you visit me.

#### out of this world - see Lesson 6

#### (to) roll up one's sleeves - to prepare to work.

EXAMPLE 1: Let's roll up our sleeves and finish making these cookies!

Example 2: You'd better rull up your sleeves and finish your homework.

#### (to) sit tight - to wait patiently

Example 1: Nicole won't hear back from the colleges she applied to until April, Far now, she'll just have to sit tight.

EXAMPLE 2: Sit tight, the doctor will be with you in a few minutes.

#### (to) talk over - see Lesson !

#### What's up? - What's going on? What's new?

EXAMPLE 1: What's up? I haven't spoken to you in a long time.

Example 2: You never call me anymore. What's up with that?

#### **yeu can say that again** - I agree with you

Example 1: You think our bouse needs repairs? You can say that again.
— even our toilet is broken!

Example 2: "The weather is so nasty today" - "You can say that again!

I don't even want to go outside!"

#### S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

Imagine that you are Bob and that you're meeting with Carol from the Village Market to sell her your cookies. Choose the most appropriate replies to Carol's questions and statements:

- Carol: "I'm glad I was able to make time to see you today."
   Bob's reply:
  - a) "I guess I'll see you tomorrow then."
  - b) "It must be nice to have so much free time."
  - c) "Yes, thanks for fitting me into your busy schedule."
- Comb "What's up?"

Bob's reply:

- a) "Fine, thank you."
- b) "I'd like to discuss a business deal with you."
- c) "I don't know. Let me check with my wife."
- Carol: "These cookies are out of this world. What do you think?"

Bob's reply:

- a) "I agree. They're delicious!"
- b) "I don't know where they are."
- c) "No thanks. I've already had ten cookies."
- 4) Carol: "Did your wife make these from scratch?" Bob's reply:
  - a) "No, she made them from flour, eggs, and sugar."
  - b) "Yes, she did. She loves to bake."
  - c) "Yes. She bought a roll of Pillsbury frozen dough and heated it in the oven for 15 minutes."
- 5) Carol: "I ate seven cookies. Do you think I've made a pig of myself?"

Bob's reply:

- a) "Not at all. These cookies are hard to resist!"
- b) "Yes. You look just like a pig."
- c) "Yes. Pigs love to eat cookies too."

- Carol: "I think my customers will go outs over these cookies." Bob's reply:
  - a) "l agree. After all, they're very good!"
  - b) "Nuts? Sure, we can put nuts in the cookies."
  - c) "I disagree. They'll probably like them."
- Carol: "Bob, I'm not ready to give you a baltpark figure yet." Bob's reply:
  - a) "Okay, how about one dollar per cookie?"
  - b) "When you're ready, we can sell them in the ballpark."
  - c) "Okay, I can wait until tomorrow."
- 8) Carol: "I don't want to jump the gun by discussing details now." Bob's reply:
  - a) "I understand. Take some time to think about it."
  - b) "I didn't say anything about selling you gams."
  - c) "Thanks, I'd love an answer right now."

ANSWERS TO LESSON 10, p. 162



# Review for Lessons 6-10

#### Choose the best substitute for the phrase in bold:

- 1) This apple pie is out of this world.
  - a) not bad
  - b) from another planet
  - e) delicious
- Jane was feeling on edge, so she went to a day spa to relax.
  - a) auxious
  - b) relaxed
  - c) angry
- 3) You ate 15 cookies? You really made a pig of yourself?
  - a) turned into an animal with a shout and tail
  - b) made yourself sick
  - c) ate more than you should have

- 4) Bob wasn't sure he wanted to work for his wife's cookie company, but she talked him into it.
  - a) forced him.
  - b) convinced him
  - c) asked him.
- Nancy doesn't have a clue about the Internet. She's never even used e-mail.
  - a) understands deeply
  - b) knows nothing
  - c) is learning a lot
- Stop beating around the bush! I don't know what you're trying to tell me.
  - a) avoiding the subject
  - b) hitting the trees
  - c) repeating yourself
- Paul likes to draw stilly cartoons of his classmates on the blackboard before class. He's a wise guy.
  - a) bad student
  - b) smart person
  - c) sarcastic person
- Tom needed to learn how to ride a horse before his trip to Ireland, so he took a crash course.
  - a) short, intensive class
  - b) class in falling down
  - e) semester-long class.
- Laura made a bundle when she was younger, and now she spends every day on the golf course.
  - a) had a good job
  - b) made lots of money
  - c) stole money.
- 10) The doctor will be with you soon. Please sit tight.
  - a) come back later
  - b) wait patiently
  - c) follow me

### CROSSWORD PUZZLE

<b>+-+-4</b>		ω.	Q2.2									
						l.			2			
				3								
	4											5
	6								7			
				., 8		'n		Ì				$\overline{}$
		Ιφ										
	" [	ı,										
12 1	3 [											
4												
ACT222 2. Stop	beating	aroam	d the		and i	<b>rei 1</b> 0	the pe	niet al	keado			
6. Susan	beating n's cook	ies re	ally n	nade a	·	at the	Villa	ge M	nke.	Ever	ybody	

Δ¢	1935
2.	Stop beating around the and get to the point already!
<b>5</b> .	Susan's cookies really made a at the Village Morket. Everybody loved them!
7.	You want to be a famous painter? That sounds like a dream!
8	When Ted was asked to perform at the high school dance, he was one
ш	happy When I ran into Mary at the mall, she gave me the cold
17	Stop around! We've got work to do.
_	-
Do	
₹.	If you need to learn something quickly, you can take a course
2	I don't need an exact number right now. A figure is fine.
3.	i always prefer cakes and cookies made from .
4.	If there's one thing teachers hate, it's a guy,
5.	It's nice when a boss gives you the for your ideas.
9.	I have feelings about visiting Poetto Rico in August. On the one
	hand, it won't be too full of tourists. On the other hand, it will be very hot
10.	Susan is always helping others. She's got a heart of
	I dun't know how I got talked taking a your of Costs Rica during the

ANSWERS TO REVIEW, p. 162

rainy season.



\$ (·

# BOB DRIVES A HARD BARGAIN

Carol from the Village Market calls Bob to discuss Susan's Scrumptious Cookies. Carol and Bob discuss how much Bob will receive for each cookie.

Carol. Hi Bob. How's it going?

Bob: Fine thanks, Carol. How are you?

Carol: Can't complain. Bob, I've had a chance to crunch some numbers. I can pay you 50¢ per cookie.

Bob: That's out of the question. At that price, it's not worth our while. The ingredients alone cost us 30¢ per cookie.

Carol: Okay, let me sweeten the deal — 60¢ per cookie?

Bob: Carol, my wife and I need to make a living from this business.

Carol. Okay, okay, you've twisted my arm. I'll pay you 75¢ per cookie. Take it or leave it!

Bob: Now you're talking? We'll take it.

Carol: You drive a hard bargain, Bob.

Bob: Yes, but we make a good cookie.

Carol: Let's get the ball rolling. Bring me 2,000 cookies on

Monday morning by 9 a.m.



# **IDIOMS - LESSON 11**

# can't complain - things are going well; I'm fine

Example 1: "How's business, Mike?" = "Can't complain. I sold a lot of computers this month  $^{\rm th}$ 

Example 2: "How are things going at your new job?" - "Can't complain."

# (to) crunch numbers – to perform calculations (especially financial calculations)

Example 1: Scott loves to crunch numbers, so he decided to become an accountant.

EXAMPLE 2: Wendy spends all her time at work in front of the computer cruecking numbers and analyzing sales data.

# (to) drive a hard bargain - to be tough in negotiating an agreement; to negotiate something in one's favor

Example 1: I wanted to pay less for the car, but the salesman drove a hard bargain.

EXAMPLE  $\overline{2}$ : Eric drove a hard bargain and got the company to raise their salary offer by \$15,000

# (to) get the ball rolling - to get started

EXAMPLE 1: Let's get the ball rolling on this project. We've only got one week to finish it.

EXAMPLE 2: If we don't get the ball relling on our vacation plans soon, we'll end up going nowhere.

# How's it going? - How are you?

Example 1: "How's it going?" I asked Ted, "Everything's fine. How are you?" he replied.

Example 2: "How's it going?" Vladimir asked me. "Not bad," I replied.

# (to) make a living - to earn enough money to support oneself

Example 1: Many people laugh at him, but Bill actually makes a living selling goutmet dog food.

Example 2: During makes some money playing his guitar on street corners, but not enough to make a living.

## now you're talking - you're saying the right thing

Example 1: You want to offer me free tickets to the J. Lo concert? Now you're talking!

EXAMPLE 2: You'd like to offer me a \$10,000 raise and a corner office? Now you're talking!

## out of the question - impossible

Example 1: My friend Emily wanted me to climb Mount McKinley with her, but I told her it was out of the question.

EXAMPLE 2: You want to borrow my new car and drive it across the country? I'm sorry, but that's out of the question.

# (to) sweeten the deal - to make an offer more attractive

EXAMPLE 1: IBM offered to sweeten the deal by giving John a company car if he agreed to work for them.

Example 2: We really want you to take the job here at Magna Corporation, so let us know what we can do to sweeten the deal.

## take it or leave it - accept or reject an offer, usually a final one

Examps 1: The highest salary we can offer you is \$50,000 a year — take it or leave it

EXAMPLE 2: I'm offering to do the dishes for one week if you'll help me with my science project. Take it or leave (t.

# (to) twist (someone's) arm – to persuade someone: to con-Vince someone

EXAMPLE 1: Ted didn't want to get another (attoo on his back, but Amber Wisted his arm).

Example 2: Okay, you've twisted my arm. You can borrow my new car and drive it across the country.

# worth one's while - worthy of one's effort or time

Example 1: It would be worth your while to audition for the game show Jeopardy. You'd probably win a lot of money.

Example 2: Let me make it worth your while to work weekends. I'll pay you on extra \$10 per hour on Saturdays and Sundays.

### 3. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

Abe, owner of Honest Abe's Furniture Store, is talking to Jeff about a new advertising campaign for the store. Jeff owns an advertising agency. Complete the dialogue using these idioms:

> get the ball rolling. crunch some numbers how's it going out of the question twisted my arm

drive a bard bargain now you're talking make a living

Abe:	Hi, Jeff?
Jeff-	Fine, thanks. I've only scheduled a half hour for this meeting, so we'd better
Abe:	Jeff. I need you to come up with a new advertising campaign for my furniture shop.
Jeff:	Pve had a chance to, and you'll need to pay me \$30,000 to come up with some new ideas.
Abe:	Thirty thousand dollars? That's really!
Jeff:	Listen, Abe, I need totoo. I've got a wife and seven children at home.
Abe.	I'll pay you \$20,000.
Jeff:	If you want quality work, you have to pay for it. Let's say \$25,000?
Abe:	Okay, okay. You've I'll pay you \$23,000.
Jeff:	That's a fair price.
Abe:	You certainly
Jeff:	I know, but you'll be happy with my work.
ANCE	/ERC TO LECOON 11 in 143

# ... BOD'S BIG COOKIE ORDER

The family is gathered around the dinner table.

Bob tells them about his deal with the Village
Market. He asks his kids for help baking the cookies.

Bob: I know I've been down in the dumps since I got fired, but things are looking up now. The Village Market

wants to sell our cookies.

Nicole: That's great news, Dad!

Bob: We're going to have to bake like crazy over the week-

end. They want 2,000 cookies by Monday.

Nicole: Two thousand cookies in three days? Don't you think

you've bitten off more than you can chew?

Ted: Yeah, you're going to be running around like a chick-

en with its head out of?!

Susan: Fortunately, there are four of us here. You kids will have

to pitch in too.

Nicole: Sorry, but I can't. I have to finish Ted's chemistry home-

work and then I've got to get going on my election speech.

**Bob:** What's that about doing Ted's chemistry homework?

Ted: Never mind! Amber will help out with the cookies

instead of Nicole.

Susan: For heaven's sake, Nicole! It's like pulling teeth get-

ting you to do any work around here.



# **IDIOMS - LESSON 12**

(to) bite off more than one can chew – to take on more than one is capable of; to take on too much

Example 1: Jennifer is having a dinner party for 50 people, and she can't even cook. I think she's bitten off more than she can chew.

EXAMPLE 2: You agreed to host 50 exchange students from Korea? Aren't you afraid you've bitten off more than you can chew?

SYMMENT to be or to get in over one's head. Example: Jennifer is in ever ber head with this dinner party!

(to be) down in the dumps - see Lesson 5

for heaven's sake! - A way of expressing emotions such as surprise, outrage, or imputience

Example 1. Hurry up, for heaven's sake! You're going to be late for school.

Example 2: Oh, for heaven's sake! Yesterday, I made three dozen chocolate chip cookies, and today there's only one cookie left!

Synonyms: for God's sake, for goodness sake, for Pete's sake

(to) get going - to get started on something; to set off for a destination; to leave

EXAMPLE 1: (If you don't get going on your homework soon, you're going to be up all night.

Example 2: We'd better get gaing to the restaurant now. Otherwise, we'll be late for our seven o'clock reservation

Synonyms: to get a move on; to get the show on the road

(to) help out - to give assistance; to help

EXAMPLE 1: Amber offered to help out in the kitchen by chopping nuts

Example 2: I'd be happy to help out by baking cookies for the picnic.

SYMONYM: to lend a hand

like a chicken with its hend cut off - in a hysterical manner; in a frenzy; in a very nervous way

EXAMPLE 1: Ken was late for work, and he couldn't find his car keys. He was running around his apartment like a chicken with its head cut off.

EXAMPLE 2: Patricia ran around the school looking for her lost backpack

like a chicken with its head out off.

Note: This idiom is usually used with the phrase "to run around" as in the above examples.

### like crazy - with great speed or enthusiasm.

EXAMPLE 1 When Pete Sampras won the tennis match, the crowd started cheering like crazy.

EXAMPLE 2: Arm ran like crazy, but she still didn't manage to catch the bus.

# like pulling teeth - very difficult

Example 1: It's like pulling teeth getting Max to talk about his girlfmend.

Example 2. Kyle hates to study. It's like pulling teeth getting him to do his homework every night.

# **never mind** – don't worry about something; forget it; it doesn't matter

Example 1. You forgot to pick up eggs at the supermarker? Never mind. I'll get them tomorrow morning.

Example 2. Never mind what your friends say You need to do what you think is right.

## (to) pitch in – to help

EXAMPLE 1: Nicole offered to pitch in and clean up her neighborhood beach. She picked up five plastic cups and an old towel.

EXAMPLE 2. If you need my help, just ask, I'd be happy to pitch in.

Synowyws: to lend a hand, to lend a helping hand; to help out

# (to) run around - to move about quickly

ENAMPLE 1: I've been running around all day making final arrangements for our trip to Costa Rica tomorrow.

Example 2: Debbie is exhausted. She ran around town all day today.

# things are looking up - things are improving

Example 1. Elizabeth found a wonderful new job and just moved into a beautiful new apartment. Things are looking up for her

EXAMPLE 2: Things are looking up with the economy.

# S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

# Fill in the blank with the missing word:

1)	ing down in the			
	a) dumps	b) crazy	e) luck	
2) Things were so busy at work, I spen around like a chicken with its				g
	a) beak	b) head	c) neck	
<ol> <li>According to today's newspaper, the economy is in Things are looking</li> </ol>			the economy is improving.	
	a) up	b) đown	c) forward	
<ol> <li>I thought you could help me with my new project. Bu you're too busy, never I'll find somebody else.</li> </ol>				
	a) bother	b) mind	e) worry	
5)		! If you don't s ever got your hom	lop playing those video work doue.	
	a) angels	b) sake	c) benefit	
<li>6) When the school asked Sus sale, she said she'd be happ</li>			_	
	a) in	b) about	c) out	
7)	7) When my friend John told me how busy he was preparit for his Halloween party, I offered to pitch			
	a) in	b) out	c) bim	
8)	It's like pulling	getting Nico	le to help out in the kitchen.	
	a) hair	b) nails	c) teeth	

## O BONUS PRACTICE

## Choose the best substitute for the phrase in bold:

- Janice is doing all the cooking for her daughter's wedding. I think she's bitten off more than she can chew.
  - a) accepted too little responsibility
  - b) taken too much food into her month
  - c) taken on more than she can handle
- If Nicole is going to cover her entire school with election posters, she'd better get going on them immediately.
  - a) start working on
  - b) stop working on
  - c) start destroying
- If you get tired of mowing the lawn, I'd be happy to help out.
  - a) confuse you
  - b) do nothing
  - c) assist you
- 4) Last year, Bill opened a store selling gourmet pet food. This year, he'll open 10 more stores. His business is growing like crazy!
  - a) very quickly
  - b) very slowly
  - despite being a crazy idea
- Ever since receiving his rejection letter from Princeton University, Jason has been down in the dumps.
  - a) happy
  - b) sad
  - c) encouraged
- For a long time, Michelle couldn't find a boyfriend. But now things are looking up. She met a nice guy last weekend.
  - a) her love life is getting even worse
  - b) her love life is improving
  - c) her love life couldn't get much worse

ANSWERS TO LESSON 12, p. 163



# AMBER COMES OVER TO BAKE COOKIES

Ted's girlfriend Amber comes over to help with the cookies. Amber has experience baking cookies from a former job. Susan leaves the kitchen so they can work better.

Ted: Morn. Amber is here to lend a hand with the cookies.

Susurt: Hi Amber, Nice to see you again.

Amber: Good to see you too, Mrs. Johnson.

Suson: That's an interesting hairstyle.\*

Amber: Thanks. I'm glad you think it's cool. Blue hair is all the

rage this season.

Susan: Well, I'm going to take a break now and let you kids

take over.

Ted: Don't worry, Morn. Your business is in good hands

with Ambet. She really knows her stuff.

Amber: That's true. I used to work at Mrs. Field's Cookies\*\* in

the mall.

Susan: You don't work there anymore?

Amber: No, I got fired. I have a real sweet tooth, and they told

me I was eating too many cookies.

Susan: Well, I'm sure you haven't lost your touch.

Amber: I might be a bit out of practice.

Ted: Mom, you can watch Amber bake if you want. You

might pick up a few tricks of the trade.

Amber: Yes, feel free. As a singer, I'm used to performing be-

fore an audience!

Susan: Thanks, but I'm going to get out of the way, You know

what they say: too many cooks spoil the broth!

Amber: Will I see you later tonight?

Susan: Yes, I'll be back in a few hours.

Ted. Morn, why don't you just call it a night and go to bed.

You've been working your tail off all day.

\* When somebody says something is "interesting" it often means they don't like it, but they want to be polite

\*\* Mrs. Field's Cookies are gournet cookies that are sold in malls across the United States.



# **IDIOMS - LESSON 13**

all the rage - the latest fashion; popular right now

Example 1: Have you seen those new altigator-skin cowboy boots?

They're all the rage this season!

EXAMPLE 2: At Note's high school, salsa dancing is all the rage this year.

(to) call it a night - to stop an activity for the rest of the night

EXAMPLE 1: We spent a few bours walking around downtown Chicago. It

was so cold that we were ready to call it a night by nine o'clock.

Events 5.7: Let's call it a might and exact back at the office at call.

EXAMPLE 2: Let's call it a night and meet back at the office at seven o'clock tomorrow morning to finish preparing our report.

NOTE: There is also the expression "to call it a day" which means to stop activity for the day.

feel free - go ahead and do something; don't hesitate (to do something)

EXAMPLE 1: "Feel free to interrupt me and ask questions during my lecnue," said the professor to his students.

EXAMPLE 2: If you need legal advice, feel free to call my cousin Fred. He's a lawyer.

# (to) get out of the way - to move out of the way; to stop interfering with someone's plans or activities

EXAMPLE 1: If you're not planning on helping us prepare dinner, please get out of the way. The kitchen is crowded.

Example 2: Get out of the way! That truck is backing up and it might run you over.

# (to be) in good hands - in good, competent care

EXAMPLE 1: Don't worry — your dog will be in good hands while you're on vacation. We'll take her to the New York Dog Spa & Hotel. Example 2: You're in good hands with Tony. He's an excellent driver.

## (to) know one's stuff - to have an expertise in a field

EXAMPLE 1: Steve has been an auto mechanic for 25 years. He really knows his straff.

EXAMPLE 2: When it comes to cooking, Kristen knows her stuff. She spent two years studying at the Culinary Institute of America.

# (to) lend a hand - to belp

EXAMPLE 1: When Amber saw Susan washing the cookie sheets, she offered to lend a hand.

Example 2: Would you mind tending a hand in the garden? We need to finish planting these flowers before it starts raining.

## (to) lose one's touch to no longer be able to do something well

EXAMPLE 1: I used to make debolous pies, but this one tastes terrible. I think I've just my touch.

Example 2: Dr. Stewart used to be a very good doctor, but recently several of his patients have died. He seems to have fost his touch!

# (to be) out of practice - no longer good at doing something

EXAMPLE 1: Susan studied French in high school, but she hasn't spoken it since. She's really out of practice.

EXAMPLE 2: I used to play tennis every day, but I haven't played in years. I'm out of practice

### (to) pick up - to acquire; to learn

Example 1: Bob picks up languages quickly. After two weeks in Spain, he was already speaking Spanish.

Example 2. Diana picked up some great new ideas at the workshop.

Note: "Pick up" has several other meanings, including:

- 1) To take from the floor or ground. Pick up the pen you dropped.
- 2) To buy, I'll pick up some burrilos on my way home.
- 3) To clean up. Let's pick up the bedroom before the guests arrive.
- 4) To retrieve someone. I'll pick you up at seven for our date.

# sweet tooth - an enjoyment of Sugary foods

EXAMPLE 11 Amber's got a real sweet tooth. Last night, she are a whole box of Godiya chocolates.

Example 2: No wonder Liz is so overweight. She's got such a sweet tooth!

## (to) take a break - to stop and rest from an activity

Example 1: Bob always worked 10 hours straight, never taking a break. Example 2: Let's take a break from our work and go get some ice cream.

#### (to) take over - to assume control.

Example 1: After 11 hours of driving, I was getting tired. Fortunately, my friend offered to take over.

EXAMPLE 2: My new boss will be taking over some of my projects.

# too many cooks spoil the broth – too many people involved in an activity can ruin it

EXAMPLE 1: After Bob and Susan edited Nicole's college applications, they were worse than when she started. Too many cooks spoil the broth. EXAMPLE 2: You don't need to help us. We have enough people helping already, and too many cooks spoil the broth.

Note: Broth is a clear liquid that forms the base for sotips.

# tricks of the trade - clever shortcuts gained by experience

EXAMPLE 1: The new teacher learned some tricks of the trade from Mrs. Blackstone, who'd been teaching at the school for 40 years.

EXAMPLE 2. My new job will be easier once I fearn some tricks of the trade.

### (to) work one's tail off [slang] - to work very hard

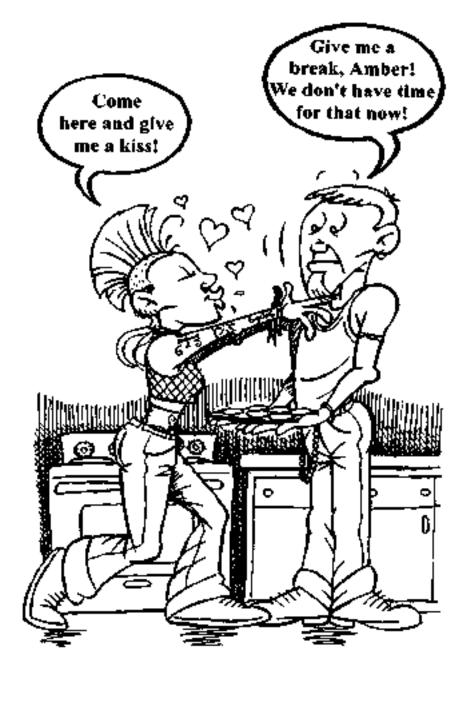
Example 1: Don worked his fall off to save money for his son's education.

EXAMPLE 2: Bob worked his tall off at the furniture store, but his boss fired him anyway.

# S. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

# Fill in the blank with the missing word:

l)	When Susan was having trouble lifting her heavy mixer, Bob offered to lend a			
	a) finger	b) foot	c) hand	
2)	Nicole used to play the piano, but she hasn't practiced in five years. She's really practice.			
	a) about to	b) into	c) out of	
3)	You've been wo	_	n for hours. Why don't you	
	a) tako	b) give	c) do	
<ol> <li>Amber picked up many of the trade while v Mrs. Field's Cookies in the Stamford Mall.</li> </ol>			be trade while working at ord Mall.	
	a) bits	b) tricks	c) pieces	
5)	Your shoulder may	assages are still th	e best. You haven't	
	a) found	b) lost	c) spoiled	
6)	After two weeks in Italy. Tom started to pick a few words of Italian, including cappuccino and pizza.			
	a) up	b) out	c) in	
7)	When Jill got tired of chopping the onions, Jack took			
	a) over	p) off	c) away	
\$)	Whenever we no She really know		e, we call Suze Orman.	
	a) things	d) stuff	c) matter	
	ANSWERS TO LES	SON 13, p. 163		



# AMBER AND TED HEAT UP THE KITCHEN

Amber and Ted are in the kitchen baking cookies. Amber asks Ted to give her a kiss, but Ted tells her he's too busy. Then he feels guilty and goes to her. But suddenly, they're not alone!

Amber: Ted, when I met you, it was love at first sight.

Ted: I was nuts about you from the beginning too. Amber. Don't forget, I broke up with that girl Tiffany after I met you.

Amber: Come here and give me a kiss.

Ted: Give me a break, Amber! We don't have time for that now. We need to crank out these cookies.

Amber: You don't really love me, do you?

Ted: Arnber, I'm head over heels in love with you. But it's crunch time with these cookies.

Amber: Cookies, cookies, cookies — you've got a one-track mind. # He loves cookies, yeah, yeah, yeah...#

Ted: Amber, I need to keep working, but you can take a break if you want.

Amber: No, I'll keep plugging away...I'm just your cookie slave. Go ahead, treat me like dirt!

Ted. Sorry, Amber. Come here and let me give you a quick kiss.

(Susan enters the kitchen)

Susan: Hey, what's going on in here? Are you two making cookies or making out?



## IDIOMS - LESSON 14

(to) break up with (someone) – to end a relationship with a romantic partner

EXAMPLE 1: When Nicole's hoyfriend told her he didn't want to see her anymore, she replied, "I can't believe you're breaking up with me!"

EXAMPLE 2: After dating her boyfriend Dan for four years, Erica finally decided to break up with him.

(to) crank out - to produce rapidly or in a routine manner

EXAMPLE 1: Last night, Nicole cranked out 200 signs for her campaign. EXAMPLE 2: We just bought a new printer at work. It can crank out 20 pages per minute.

**crunch time** – a short period when there's high pressure to achieve a result

EXAMPLE 1: The entire month of December is enunch time for Santa Claus. EXAMPLE 2: May is example time for many students. It's when they have their final exams.

Give me a break! - that's ridiculous; that's outrageous

EXAMPLE 1: You want me to pay \$3 (or one cookle? Give me a break! Example 2: You expect me to believe that excuse? Give me a break!

Note: You might see this written in its informal, conversational form: "Gimme a break!" This is usually how the idiom is pronounced.

### go ahead - to continue; to proceed without hesitation

Example 1: We have more than enough food for dinner. Go ahead and myke your friend to join us.

EXAMPLE 2: Let's go abrad and buy out plane tickets now.

Note: "Go ahead" can also be used as a noun, as in the expression "to give somebody the go ahead," meaning to give somebody permission to move forward with an activity.

### head over heels in love - very much in love

EXAMPLE 1: During the first years of their marriage, Brad and Jennifer were head over beels in love with each other.

EXAMPLE 2. Sara is head over heels in love with Mark. Unfortunately, he doesn't even know her pame?

## love at Brat sight - an immediate attraction

Example 1. If took Albson several months to fall in love with Karl, It wasn't love at first sight

EXAMPLE 2: Tony liked Tara immediately. It was love at first sight!

### (to) make out - to kiss with much passion

Example: Ted and Amber started making out at the stoplight and didn't realize that the light had turned green.

Note: "Make out" also means:

- 1) To manage. How did you make out at the doctor's today?
- To understand or see with difficulty. It was so foggy, I could barely
  make out the street signs.
- To prepare a check or other payment. Please make out a check for this month's rent.

### (to be) nuts about - to like very much

EXAMPLE 1: Ted has every single Metallica album — he's nuts about that hand.

EXAMPLE 2: We're just nuits about our new neighbors. We have them over for dinner once a month.

**SYNCHYM.** сгазу аборг

# (to have a) one-track mind – having all thoughts directed to just one thing or activity; focused on just one thing

EXAMPLE 1: Ryan thinks about football all the time. He's got a one-track mind

EXAMPLE 2: Mia has a one-track-mind. She thinks about boys all the time.

(to) plug away (at something) - to proceed with a boring or routine task; to keep trying

EXAMPLE 1: Only 842 more cookies to bake. Let's keep plugging away! EXAMPLE 2: Don't give up on chemistry class. If you keep plugging

away, you will eventually learn the material.

take a break - see Lesson 13

(to) treat (someone) like dirt – to behave in a nasty way towards someone; to treat someone poorly

EXAMPLE 1. Nobody was surprised when Nicole's bayfriend broke up with her, since she treated him like dirt.

EXAMPLE 2. I feel sorry for Jeffrey. The kids at school are very nasty to him. They really treat him like dirt.

### PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

Susan is telling the story of how she met her husband. Fill in the blanks, using the following idioms:

love at first sight go ahead
plugging away treated him like dirt
crunch time crank out
making out crazy about
broke up with head over beets in love

I met Bob in college	. He was in my Eng	lish Literature class. I
liked him right away	/. For me, it was	1
wrote him several lo	we poems, though I	never gave them to him.
Then I found out tha	t he had a girlfriend	l. I saw him
with a girl a	named Joyce. It look	ted like she was
Bob	too. But later that w	eek, I heard that she was
a nasty person and ti	nat she	So I decided
to	and ask him to th	e movies. He said he
was too busy. It was		, and he had to
a pape	er for literature class	and study for several
exams. But I didn't p	give up. 1 kept	Then
one day he	Joy	ce and asked me out to
dinner. That was 25	years ago, and we't	re still together. Fortu-
nately, we're still	<u> </u>	with each other!

ANSWERS TO LESSON 14, p. 164



"Remember the rule of thumb – imagine your audience naked."

# Lesson 15

# NICOLE PRACTICES HER ELECTION SPEECH

icole is running for student body president. She sail give a speech next week. She discusses the eech with her mother.

Susan: What's up, Nicole?

Nicole: I pulled an all-nighter working on my election speech.

Susan: No wonder you look like a basket case! Did you finish your speech?

уощ эрессия

Nicole: Yes, at 6 a.m.

Susan: That must be a load off your mind!

Nicole: It's not, I've got to give the speech tomorrow in front of

1,500 people. I'm a nervous wreck!

Susan: Just remember the old rule of thumb: Imagine your

audience naked.

Nicole: That's gross. Why would I want to do that?

Susan: According to conventional wisdom, it'll make you less

pervous,

Nicole: Only practice will do the trick.

Susan: Okay, let's hear the speech.

Nicole: Good afternoon, everyone. There are four candidates.

running for president. You think you have several choices. In reality, you have just one choice: me!

Susan: You can't say that. You'll turn off your audience imme-

diately.

Nicole: It sounds like I have a hig head?

Susan: Pll say!



# **IDIOMS - LESSON 15**

basket case (slang) - someone or something in a useless or hopeless condition

EXAMPLE 1: After working a 12-hour day and then coming home and cooking dinner for her family, Tanya felt like a basket case.

Example 2. After running the marathon. Brian felt like a basket case.

Note: You may also see the expression "economic basket case" to describe an economy that is doing very poorly. Example: After years of dictatorship. North Korea is an economic basket case.

(to have a) big head - arrogant; too proud of oneself

EXAMPLE 1: Stop bragging so much about the award you got at work! People will think you've got a big bead.

Example 2. Jenny has such a big head. No wonder nobody wants to be friends with her?

Synonym: to be full of oneself. Example: Joan is really full of herself. She's always talking about how sman she is.

conventional wisdom - a widely held belief

Example 1: According to conventional wisdom, a diet high in salt can cause high blood pressure.

EXAMPLE 2: Challenging conventional wisdom, the psychologist said that sometimes it's healthy to be in a bad mood.

### (to) do the trick - to achieve the desired results

Exemple 1: Juan changed the light both and said. 'That should do the trick!'

Example 2: My house is difficult to find, so I'll put 10 large balloons on my mailbox on the day of the party. That should do the trick.

## I'll say! - yes, definitely!

Example 1: "Did you enjoy the Madonna concert?" = "I'll say!".

EXAMPLE 2: "Your sister must've been very happy after winning \$50,000 m the lottery." - "L'II say!"

### in reality - in fact; actually

EXAMPLE 1: Ted thinks it'll be easy to become a rock star. In reality, it will take years of hard work.

Example 2: I know you think it'll be easy to get cheap tickets to a Broadway play In reality, we'll have to wait in line for hours!

#### load off one's mind - a relief

EXAMPLE 1: When Amber called Ted to tell him that she arrived home safely, it was a big lead off his mind.

EXAMPLE 2: Finishing her English essay was a load off Nicote's rolod.

### look like - have the appearance of

Example 1. Before agreeing to go out on a date with her. Keith wanted to know what my cousin Maria looked like.

EXAMPLE 2: Please tell me what the cover of that new book looks like so it will be easier for me to find it in the bookstore.

Note: The expression "it looks like" can mean "it is likely that..."

Example: It's snowing, so it looks like the schools will be closed today.

### nervous wreck - a person feeling very worried

Example 1: Ted was a nervous wreck before his chemistry test.

EXAMPLE 2: Whenever Nicole rides on the back of her friend's motor-cycle. Susan is a nervous wreck.

## no wonder - it's not surprising

Example 1: Brian's entire body is in pain. It's no wender since he ran a marathon yesterday!

EXAMPLE 2: No wonder you're cold — it's January and you're walking around outside without a coat?

Syvonym: small wonder

### (to) pull an all-nighter - to stay up all night to do work

Example 1. Ted patied an aft-nighter to study for his chemistry test and ended up falling asleep in class the next day.

Example 2. If we got a 20-page paper due tomorrow morning, and I haven't even started writing it yet. I guess I'll be pulling an all-nighter!

## rule of thumb – a useful principle

EXAMPLE 1: When cooking fish, a good rule of thumb is 10 minutes in the oven for each rach of thickness.

Example 2: "Ted, as a rule of thumb, you should always plan to study for your chemistry tests for at least two hours."

## (to) turn off – to cause to feel dislike or revulsion

Example 1. I used to be friends with Monica, but she gossiped all the time and it really turned me off.

Example 2: At first, Sura really liked Jocob, But when he started talking about all his ex-girifriends, she was really turned off.

Note: The noun form, turn-off, is also common and usually describes something that causes the opposite sex to respond negatively. Example: When Jake started talking about all his ex-girlfriends, it was a real turn-off for Sara.

what's up? - see Lesson 10

### RACTICE THE IDIOMS

## Choose the best substitute for the phrase in bold:

- Ted didn't start studying for his chemistry test until the night before. Then he had to pull an all-nighter.
  - a) get plenty of rest before an exam.
  - b) stay up all night studying
  - c) sleep late.
- 2) After working on it for months, I finally gave my presentation this morning. That was certainly a load off my mind?
  - a) a relief
  - b) difficult
  - c) easy

- Nicole was turned off when Todd, her date, started picking his teeth with a toothpick during dinner.
  - a) left the room.
  - b) became interested
  - c) lost all interest
- According to conventional wisdom, you shouldn't ask about salary on your first interview.
  - a) accepted beliefs
  - b) outdated beliefs
  - c) smart people
- 5) Ted had to perform his music before one of the most important talent agents in the country. It's not surprising that he was a nervous wreek.
  - a) confident
  - b) very worried
  - c) exhausted
- 6) Girls cheered and blew kisses whenever Ted performed his music. Amber worried that he'd get a big head.
  - a) get a headache
  - b) become arrogant
  - c) find a new girlfriend
- People keep telling Fred that he looks like a basket case.
   Maybe it's because he basn't slept in weeks.
  - a) really great
  - b) angry
  - c) terrible
- Do you have a headache? Here, take two aspirin. That should do the trick.
  - a) make you feel better
  - b) perform magic
  - c) make you feel worse

ANSWERS TO LESSON 15, p. 164



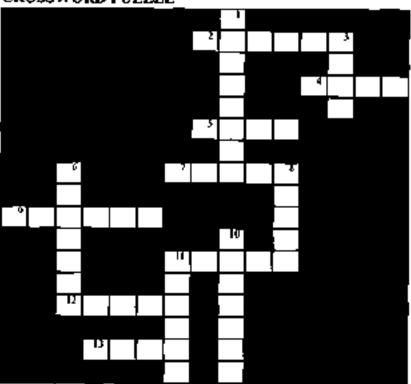
# Review for Laggons 11-18

# Choose the best substitute for the phrase or sentence in bold:

- Nicole didn't want to go to the party, but her friend twisted her arm.
  - a) persuaded her
  - b) hurt her arm
  - c) agreed with her
- Amber needs to go on a diet and lose 10 pounds, but it's difficult for her because she has such a sweet tooth.
  - a) she has a loose tooth
  - b) she has emotional problems
  - c) she likes to eat sweets
- Amber likes to design handbags as a hobby, but she's not sure she could make a living at it.
  - a) do it for the rest of her life
  - b) earn enough money to support herself
  - c) do it all day long
- 4) Ted wanted to travel to Miami for a rock concert. His mother told him it was out of the question.
  - a) a good idea
  - b) still a possibility
  - c) not a possibility
- Nicole worked her tail off, making hundreds of posters for her campaign.
  - a) worked very hard
  - b) worked until her tail fell off
  - c) made her friends work hard.

- 6) It's crunch time. Ted has to write six papers in two days.
  - a) It's a very busy time.
  - b) It's a time to relax.
  - c) It's a period of time filled with fun and laughter.
- My 95-year old neighbor was cutting her grass on a hot summer day. I offered to leud a hand.
  - a) give her my hand
  - b) help her
  - c) drive her to the hospital
- Jennifer treats her husband like dirt. I don't know why he doesn't just leave her.
  - a) is very nice to her husband
  - b) asks her husband to do the gardening
  - c) is nasty to her husband
- 9) Tattoos are all the rage. Many kids are getting them.
  - a) something that makes you angry
  - b) very popular
  - c) easy to get
- 10) Things are looking up for Bob. He's already found a new job working for his wife.
  - a) Bob's situation is getting worse.
  - b) Bob's situation is improving.
  - c) Bob always focuses on positive things.
- Susan volunteered to host 45 exchange students from China.
   Now she fears she's bitten off more than she can chew.
  - a) accepted an easy assignment
  - b) taken on a bigger task than she can handle
  - c) ordered too much Chinese food
- 12) If Ted doesn't get going on his chemistry homework soon, he's going to be up all night.
  - a) start doing
  - b) stop doing
  - c) leave the house with

#### CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- 4	~	 -	-
-		9	

- My old job was boring. All I did was \_\_\_\_ numbers all day.
   Bob went to the Village Market to get the \_\_\_ rolling on the cookie business.
  - Soot were to the vittage market to get the \_\_\_\_ rolling on the cookie business
     You didn't take out the garbage yet? Never\_\_\_\_! I'll do it myself.
- 7. Donns ate the whole apple pie herself. I guess she has a \_\_\_\_\_ tooth.
- 9 Jim never thought be could sell designer watches on street corners, but his brother taught him the \_\_\_\_\_ of the trade.
- 11. You've been working at the computer for hours. Why don't you take a \_\_\_\_?
- 12. After her boyfriend broke up with her, Anna was feeling down in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 1). Mini-skirts were all the \_\_\_\_\_ last summer.

#### Dewn

- Susan used to sing opera, but she hasn't sung in years. She's out of \_\_\_\_\_.
- Bill thinks be's the smartest guy in the world. His friends think he just has a big \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. I don't like horror movies, but John \_\_\_\_\_ my arm and I agreed to see Murder on Main Street.
- 8. My car wasn't running well so I changed the oil. That should do the
- After the car accident, Betry was a \_\_\_\_\_ wreck whenever she drove.
- When I don't get eight hours of sleep, I feel like a \_\_\_ case in the morning.

ANSWERS TO REVIEW, p. 164

Ŷ.

# BOB DRINGS THE COOKIES TO THE VILLAGE MARKET

Bob brings Carol the cookies. He tells Carol that baking the cookies was easy because he had lots of help.

Carol: Bob, how did the baking go?

Bob: Slow at first, but we're getting the hang of it.

Carol - Once you learn the ropes, it becomes second nature.

Bob: To tell you the truth, I thought that baking 2,000 cookies would be a pain in the neck. But we managed to round up some helpers, and it was a piece of cake.

Carol: Well, thanks for coming in person with the cookies.

Bob: No problem. When will you need more?

Carol: It depends on how many we sell today.

Bob: How many do you think you'll sell?

Carol: Maybe 500, maybe 2,000. Your guess is as good as mine. In any case, I'll keep you posted.

Bob: Okay. Just give me a ring as soon as you know.



# IDIOMS - LESSON 16

## at fitst - in the beginning

EXAMPLE 1: Nicole didn't like Don Quittore at first, but after 200 pages she started to get juto it.

Example 2. Don't get discouraged if you don't succeed at first. The important thing is that you keep on trying!

# (to) get the hang of (something) - to learn how to do something; to acquire an effective technique

EXAMPLE 1. Billy had trouble learning how to ride a bike, but after a few months he finally get the hang of it.

EXAMPLE 2: When I went soowboarding for the first time, I kept falling down But ofter a while, I got the hang of it.

# (to) give (someone) a ring - to telephone someone

EXAMPLE 1: Give me a ring tomorrow so we can discuss plans for this weekend.

EXAMPLE 2: If you're free on Saturday, give me a ring and we can go to the movies.

Symonym: to give (someone) a buzz [slang]

# in any case - whatever the fact is; certainly

EXAMPLE 1: We can either go to the new Star Wats movie or see a play tonight. In any case, you'll need to be at my house by six o'clock.

EXAMPLE 2: You'll probably be too tired on Sunday to come over. In may case, give me a call in the morning to discuss.

## in person – personally; in one's physical presence

EXAMPLE 1: Tim hoped that he and Svetlana would get along as well in person as they did over the Interpet.

EXAMPLE 2: After hearing so much about Donna's boyfriend, I'm looking forward to meeting him in person.

# (to) keep pested - to provide up-to-date information

EXAMPLE 1: Keep me posted about your plans for the summer. If you'te going to be at your cottage on the lake, I'd love to come Visit.

Example 2: Good luck selling your house and keep me pasted! I'd love to know how much you get for it.

### (to) learn the ropes - to learn the basics

Example 1: Mark learned the ropes of the restaurant business by working as a cook at Outhack Steakhouse.

EXAMPLE 2: David worked at a big law firm for 10 years where he learned the ropes. Now he runs his own law firm.

## pain in the neck - an annoyance

EXAMPLE 1: Yesterday I had to stay home all day and wait for the remairman. What a pain in the neck?

EXAMPLE 2: Alice wants me to drive her to the airport early tomorrow morning. That's going to be a pain in the neck!

## piece of cake - very easy

EXAMPLE 1. Nicole finished her physics test in just 25 minutes. It was a piece of cake.

EXAMPLE 2: The driving test is a piece of cake. Don't worry about it.

Synowyw: easy as pie. You should have no trouble passing the driving test. It's as easy as pie.

### (to) round up - to gather people together

EXAMPLE 1: The town rounded up 200 volunteers to search for the hiker, who was lost in the woods of Yosemüe National Park.

EXAMPLE 2. Let's round up some volunteers to help hake cookies and pies for the bake sale

second nature — a behavior that has been practiced for sollong, it seems to have been there always

Example 1: Karen has been arguing with her husband every day for the past 20 years, so by now it's just second nature.

Example 2: With practice, riding a unicycle becomes second nature.

## to tell you the truth - to speak openly; to admit

EXAMPLE 1: To tell you the truth, Ted isn't a very good student

EXAMPLE 2: To tell you the truth, I didn't even want to attend Katie's wedding. But I knew she'd be offended if I didn't go.

**your guess is as good as mine** — I don't know; I don't know any more than you do

Example 1: Will we ever find intelligent life on other planets? Your guess is as good as mine.

Example 2: Will Ted graduate on time? Your guess is as good as mine!

# **SA PRACTICE THE IDIOMS**

Fill in the blank with the appropriate word:

1)			e her car for the first time, she was really an entire year, it's nature.		
	a) ficst	b) second	c) third		
<ol> <li>I can't believe I won. To</li></ol>			the truth, I never thought		
	a) say	b) tell	c) explain		
<ol> <li>Nicole was going to mail her college application then she decided to go to New Haven and delive</li> </ol>			• • •		
	a) on	b) at	c) in		
4) After a snowstorm, it can be a real pain in the work in the morning.			pain in the driving to		
	a) head	b) arm	c) neck		
<ol> <li>The meeting in Dallas was canceled, but, it still need to go there.</li> </ol>			ed, but, in case, we		
	a) all	b) any	c) about		
6)	•	rting a new job is difficult in the beginning. It gets easier e you learn the			
	a) ropes	b) chains	c) ties		
7)	Bob and Susan thought getting rich would be very difficult thanks to their cookie business, it was a piece of				
	a) cookie	b) cake	c) pie		
8)	Let's go to the movies tonight. I'll look in the newspaper and you a ring after I see what's playing.				
	a) offer	b) take	c) give		
	ANSWERS TO LE	SSON 16. p.165			

# Carol tells bod The good news

Eurol phones Bob to tell him the cookies are selling very well and that she needs another 1.600 by the morning. Bob isn't sure he can bake the cookies so quickly, but Carol insists.

Carol: Bob, your wife's cookies are selling like hotcakes!

Bob: How many did you sell, Carol?

Carol: We've seld out. I need more right away! Bring me another 1,000 by tomorrow at 9 a.m.

Bob: That's a talk order, Carol.

Carol: Don't blow it, Bob! Susan's Scrumptious Cookies could really take off.

Bob: I know, but I'm not sure we have enough time to bake all those cookies.

Carol: Bake all night if you have to. Burn the midnight oil! If you work hard now, you'll be sitting pretty in a few years.

Bob: Rest assured that I'll do my best to deliver the goods.

Carol: Okay, now let's stop the chitchat. You've got work to do!



### IDIOMS - LESSON 17

## (to) blow it - to spoil an opportunity

EXAMPLE 1: The actress got nervous and forgot all of her lines. She really blew it!

Example 2. I'll give you one more chance, but don't his wit this time!

SYNOWYM: 10 screw up (slang). Example: I can't believe you screwed upduring the interview by asking for six weeks of vacation before you even got the job offer!

# (to) burn the midnight oil - to stay up late studying or working

Example 1: Michael burned the midnight oil studying for his algebratest.

Example 2: The project is due tomorrow and we're far from finished. We're going to have to born the midnight oil tonight.

## chitchat - casual conversation; gossip

EXAMPLE 1: Peter fold Heather to stop the chitchet and get back to work.

EXAMPLE 2: Okay, enough chatchar! Let's start discussing this week's reading assignment.

SYMPHYM. to shoot the breeze

Note: Chitchat can also be a verb. Example: Amber and Ted were chitcharting all night long.

# (to) deliver the goods -- to meet expectations; to do what's required

EXAMPLE 1: Peter thought Bob wasn't delivering the goods, so he fired him.

EXAMPLE 2: I'm depending on you to finish the job on time. I know that you can deliver the goods?

SYNONYM: to cut the mustard. Example: If you can't cut the mustard here, you'll have to find a new job.

## (to) do one's best - to try as hard as possible

EXAMPLE 1: Adthough Ted did his best, he still failed his chemistry test. EXAMPLE 2. You might not get a perfect score on your history test, but just do your best.

Synonym: to give it one's all

#### rest assured - be sure

EXAMPLE 1: Rest assured that the police will find the thieves.

EXAMPLE 2: Rest assured I'll take good care of your dog while you're on vacation.

## right away - immediately

Example 1: When Meg realized her house was on fire, she called the fire department right eway.

EXAMPLE 2: You need some sugar for your cookies? I'll bring some over right away.

## (to) sell like hotcakes - to sell fast; to be a popular item.

EXAMPLE 1: Those new Fubu blue jeans are selling like hotcokes, All the girls love them.

Example 2: Stephen King's new novel is selling like beteakes.

## (to be) sitting pretty - in a good position (often financially)

Example 1: After Chad won the lottery, he was really stirting priesty. He quit his job and bought a mansion in Malibu, California.

EXAMPLE 2: Gina was one of the first people to work at Amazon.com, and she made millions on her stock options. Now she's sitting pretty.

## sold out - completely sold

EXAMPLE 1: Becky was really disappointed when she found out that the Britney Spears concert was sold out.

Example 2: Susan's cookies were very popular at the bake sale. In fact, they sold out in just 20 minutes!

## (to) take off - to become popular; to grow suddenly

Example: Julia Roberts' career took off with the filin "Pretty Woman."

Note: "Take off" has several other meanings:

- Remove. Please take off your shoes before coming inside our apartment. We just vacuumed this morning.
- To leave. We're taking off now. See you later!
- To deduct. The waiter forgot to bring us drinks, so he took \$10 off the bill.
- 4 To leave the ground. The airplane took off on time.

## tall order - a task or goal that is difficult to achieve

EXAMPLE 1: It'll be a tall order to find a new governor as popular as the current one.

EXAMPLE 2: You want me to figure out how to clone your pet rabbit?

Thei's a tall order!

#### 29. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

## Choose the most appropriate reply to the following statements:

 "Bob, your cookies are delicious. They're selling like botcakes."

Bob's reply:

- a) "I'm not surprised. My family has always loved them."
- b) "What? I thought people would buy more."
- e) "Yes, they are best when served hot."
- 2) "Bob, I know you can get me 1,000 cookies by morning.

  Don't blow it!"

Bob's reply:

- a) "I never blow on the cookies. Het them cool down by themselves."
- b) "Don't worry. I'll be sure to get you the cookies by 9 a.m."
- c) "Thanks, I'll take my time then."
- 3) "Bob, I've got some great news for you. All of your chocolate chip cookies have sold out!"

Bob's reply:

- a) "Great, I'd better make more."
- b) "I guess people don't like them."
- c) "How many are left?"
- 4) "Ted, if you and Amber don't stop the chitchat, you'll never finish your homework."

Ted's reply:

- a) "Okay, we'll stay up all night talking."
- b) "Okay, we'll stop talking and start hitting the books."
- c) "Yes, Amber is helping a lot with my homework."

 "Ted, ask Amber to come over right away to help bake cookies."

## Ted's reply:

- a) "Okay. I'll tell her to come over next Saturday."
- b) "Okay. I'll tell her to come over immediately."
- c) "Okay. I'll ask her to go away."
- "Bob, if you work hard now, you'll be sitting pretty in a couple of years."

## Bob's reply:

- a) "Thank you, I am looking forward to feeling pretty."
- b) "I don't enjoy sitting for long periods of time."
- c) "Great. I'd love to be able to stop working and start relaxing more."
- "Nicole, getting elected to the United States Senate is a very tall order."

## Nicole's reply:

- a) "I know, but I love a good challenge."
- b)"I agree. It should be very easy."
- c)"I know. I've already put in my order."
- 8) "Bob, I suggest you burn the midnight oil and make 1,000 cookies tonight."

## Bob's reply:

- a) "Okay, I'll go to sleep at midnight and wake up at 10 a.m."
- b) "Yes, we'll need quite a bit of oil for the cookies."
- c) "Okay. I'll work all night and finish up by morning."

ANSWERS TO LESSON 17, p. 165



## eryone dakes cookies

Bob tells his family the cookies are selling well. He asks his kids to help bake more cookies for tomorrow. Nicole says she's too busy to lend a hand

The cookies are selling like hoteakes! Bub:

Ted: Way to go, Dad!

Bob: I need you kids to help out tonight with the cookies. We need another thousand by morning.

One thousand by tomorrow morning? That's impossible! Nicole:

Amber and I will lend a hand. She's a real night owl. Ted: so she won't mind staying up late.

Nicole, we'll need your help too. Bob.

Bake cookies the night before the elections? Nething Nicole: doing!

Lighten up, big shot! You're running for high school Ted: president, not President of the United States.

Nicole -Ted, you really get on my nerves sometimes.

Okay, kids, let's stop fooling around. We need to get Bob.: the show on the road?



## IDIOMS - LESSON 18

## big shot - a powerful or important person

Example 1: Martin has become a real big shot in Hollywood. This year he produced several movies.

EXAMPLE 7: Adam is a big that in Silicon Valley. He started a very successful software company.

Note: This expression can also be used in the negative sense, to mean somebody who thinks they're very important. Example: Now that she's been promoted to vice president, Beth thinks she's such a big shot!

## (to) fool around - to waste time, or spend it in a silly way

EXAMPLE 1: If we keep feeling around here, we'll be late to the restaurant!

EXAMPLE 2: Stop feeling around! You've got lots of work to do.

Note: This expression also can mean to have casual sexual relations. Example: Steve and Tanya were feeling around in the back sent of the car when a policeman knocked on the window.

## (to) get on one's nerves - to annoy or irritate someone

EXAMPLE 1: My neighbor's dog barks all night. It really gets on my nerves.

Example 2: Please stop whistling, It's getting on my nerves!

SYNONYMS: To get under someone's skin; to bug someone [slang]

# (to) get the show on the road – to start working; to begin an undertaking

EXAMPLE 1: We can't afford to waste any more time — let's get the show on the road!

EXAMPLE 2: Kids, let's get the show on the road. We don't want to be late for the movie!

## (to) belp out - see Lesson 12

## (to) lend a hand - see Lesson 13

## (to) lighten up — to stop taking things so seriously

Example (: Lighten up) I'm sure Ted was only joking when he said your guitar playing gave him a headache

EXAMPLE 2: Don always takes his job so seriously. He needs to lighten up.

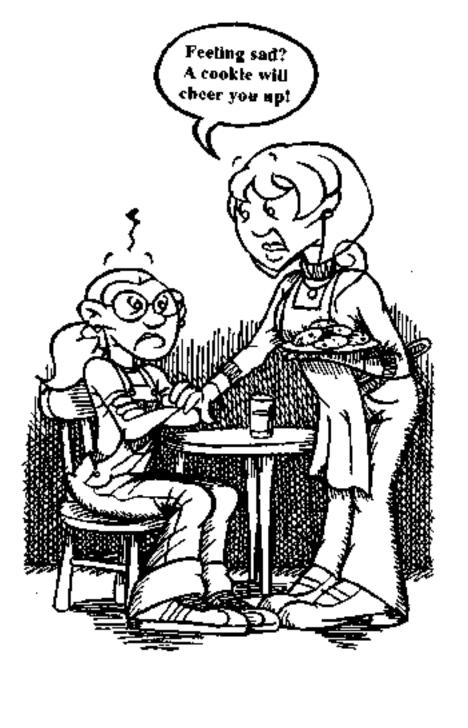
Synonyms: chill out [slang]; take it easy

_			
Ģ	ight ow] – a per	son who enjoys be	ing active late at night
		es to sloep every night go to bed before midni	of 3 a.m. She's a real <b>uig</b> ht ow <b>t</b> ght. I'm a <b>nig</b> ht ow).
Ţ.	Nothing doing!	- Not a chance!	
n	million bucks? Noth	ing deing!	n Gate Bridge from you for a ser on Catherine the Great?
5	iyngevins: No way!	Not on your life!	
7	to) sell like bote	akes – see Lesson	17
7	to) stay up – no	l to go to bed; to st	ay awake
			night talking shout cookies. ret it the next morning.
ī	Way to go! - see	Lesson 4	
	l was really pro	old the apprepriated of my friend for told her.	te word: r winning an Olympic
	a) do	b) succeed	e) go
2)	Amber loves to kitchen.	cook, so she never	r minds lending in the
	a) herself	b) a hand	c) her hands
3)	Vanessa is defit by nine o'clock		She likes to be in bed
	a) bird	b) hawk	c) owl
4)		y was elected presi a real shot.	dent of the company, he
	a) big	b) huge	e) large

5)	You're taking everything too seriously. You need to lighten			
	a) above	b) up	e) down	
6)	Let's go! We're	e already late. Let	's get the show on the	
	a) street	b) way	c) road	
7)	When people non my nerves.	ear me whisper d	uring a movie, it really	
	a) geis	b) acts	e) scratches	
8)	Nicole's teacher asked her to help a new exchange student from Argentina with her English homework. Nicole was happy to help			
	a) around	b) out	c) in	
0	Bonus Pract	TICE		
Ch	oose the best so	ubstitute for the	phrase or sentence in bold:	
I)	You want me to snowstorm? No a) Great idea! b) No problem c) Not a chance	othing doing! 1!	way to Toronto during this	
2)		ig beer. No wonde lay! bed l	i, stayed up until 3 a.m. talk- ir they didn't wake up until	

- Michael used to work the late shift at McDonald's from midnight to 8 a.m. He didn't mind since he's a night owl.
  - a) a wise person
  - b) a person who goes to sleep early
  - a person who likes to stay up late
- 4) The man behind me on the bus wouldn't stop whistling. It really got on my nerves!
  - a) entertained me
  - b) annoyed me
  - c) relaxed me
- Our plane leaves in just two hours. If we don't get the show on the road, we're going to miss it.
  - a) go into the street
  - b) get ready to go
  - c) call the airline
- 6) You want to attend Yale University? Call my friend Penny. She's a real big shot on the admissions committee.
  - a) a powerful person
  - b) a big mouth
  - c) a useless person
- Ted was feeting around with his friends when he should've been studying for his chemistry test.
  - a) acting like a fool
  - b) putting time to good use
  - c) wasting time
- 8) You got a big promotion at work? Way to go!
  - a) Too bad!
  - b) Good job!
  - c) Sorry to hear that!

ANSWERS TO LESSON 18, p. 165



## NICOLE'S CLOSE ELECTION

Nicole loses the election at school. She doesn't want to accept it, so she looks for excuses. Ted encourages her to accept defeat and move on.

Nicole: Host the election by a hair — just 10 votes! But I'm

not **giving up**.

Ted: Give me a break, Nicole. You lost, Live with it!

Nicole: But I was a sure thing! If I hadn't stayed up so late baking cookies, I wouldn't have messed up my speech.

Ted: Get real, Nicole.

Nicole: It's your fault, Ted. I lost because your friends didn't

vote for me!

Ted: Don't try to put the blame on me'l gave it my best shot.

Nicole: They must've made a mistake while counting the votes.

I'll demand a re-count on Monday and set the record

stralght.

Ted: Don't make a fool of yourself, Nicole. Face it, Andrea

won the election fair and square!

Nicole: Well, I just don't know where I went wrong.

Susan. Here, take a chocolate chip cookie. That'll cheer you up for sure!



## **IDIOMS - LESSON 19**

by a hair - just barely; very narrowly; by a small amount

EXAMPLE 1: Larry won the bicycle race by a hair. The second-place winner came in just a second behind him.

EXAMPLE 2: Was the tennis ball in or our? I think it was our by a hair.

You know the old saying: "When in doubt, call it out!"

## (to) cheer up - see Lesson δ

Face it - see Lesson 1

## fair and square - honestly

Example 1: Did George Bush win the 2000 presidential election fatr and square? That depends on whether you ask a Democrat or a Republican!

Example 2: Tony woo the ping pong toomament fair and square.

## for sure - definitely

EXAMPLE 1: This year, Tom Cruise will win an Academy Award for sure.

Example 2: Mike is the most popular guy in school. If he runs for student body president, he'll win for sure.

Get real - see Lesson 3

## (to) give it one's best shot - to try as hard as one can

Example 1. Courtney lost the race, but at least she gave it her best shot.

Example 2: I know you're nervous about the interview Just give it your best shet and see what happens.

## give me a break - see Lesson 14

## (to) give up - to admit defeat; to surrender

EXAMPLE 1: Bill gave up golf after realizing he'd never be good at it.

Example 2: I know you're 100 points ahead of me, but I still might win

the Scrabble game. I'm not giving up yet!

(te) go Wreng - to make a mistake; to go astray; to malfunction; to Work incorrectly

EXAMPLE 1: Follow the directions I gave you, and you can't go wrong.

Example 2: Something went wrong with my neighbor's car slarm system, and the alarm wouldn't stop ringing all night.

#### (to) live with it - to accept a difficult reality.

Example 1: Your hoss is an idiot. Live with it.

Example 2: Your hair will never be straight, Just live with it!

Note: There is also the expression "to learn to live with it," which means to get used to something annoying or difficult. Example: Sandra knew that Roger would always throw his dirty clothes on the floor. She'd just have to learn to live with it.

## (to) make a fool of oneself - to cause oneself to look stupid

EXAMPLE 1: Dan drank too much and then made a fool of himself

Example 2: Please stop arguing with me in front of all these people.

You're making a fool of yourself!

## (to) mess up - to make a mistake; to spoil an opportunity

Example 1: Amber messed up and put salt instead of sugar in the cookies.

Example 2: Ted really messed up on his chemistry test. He got a "D."

Symonym- screw up (slang)

# (to) put the blame on (someone) — to name somebody else as responsible for a misdeed or misforune

EXAMPLE 1: Mrs. Lopez put the blame on her hasband for losing their life savings in the stock market.

Example 2: Don't put the blame on me that your plants died while you were on variation. You forgot to tell me to water them!

## (to) set the record straight - to correct an inaccurate account

EXAMPLE 1: Ken knew his father was innocent, and he hoped he could set the record straight one day.

Example 2: Let me set the record straight. I won the last game.

## sure thing - an outcome that is assured

EXAMPLE 1: Gary bet all his money on a horse named Trixie, thinking the was a sure thing.

EXAMPLE 2: Nicole has a good chance of getting accepted to Yale, but it's still not a sure thing.

## A PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

give me a break

Ted is angry at Nicole because she didn't do a good job on his chemistry homework. Fill in the blanks using the following idioms:

cheer you ap

	sure thing put the blame on me give it my best shot	
Ted:	Nicole, my teacher gave mo	back my chemistry home-
	you'd help me get an "A+."	
Nicole:	I'm sorry. I really did	
	I guess it wasn't good enou	gh.
Ted:	Not good enough? That's ri	ght. You really
Nicole:	You never should've asked	me to do your homework.
	Don't try to	for your bad grades.
Ted.	Yes, my mistake. I thought	you were a
Nicole:	So you'll get a bad grade in	chemistry. Just learn to . Here, take one of Mom's
	cookies. It'll help	·
Ted:	You think a stapid cookie w	vill cheer me up?
	ANSWERS TO LESSON 19. p. 16.	5

## DOD GETS AN ANGRY CALL FROM CAROL

Carol calls Bob to tell him that a customer found a hair in her cookie. Bob wants Carol to forget about this, but Carol thinks it's very serious. She refuses to huy any more cookies from Bob.

Carol: Bob, a lady came into the Village Market today ranting

and raving.

Bob: Oh yeah? What happened?

Carol: She found a blue bair in her chocolate chip cookie!

Bob. Aha. I can see how she'd be taken aback.

Carol: Does anybody in your family have blue hair?

Bob: As a matter of fact, my son's girlfriend Amber has blue

hair.

Carol: Bob, I can't sell your cookies anymore.

Bob: Aren't you blowing things out of proportion?

Carol: The health department would throw the book at me if

they found out about this.

Bob: Couldn't we just sweep this under the rug?

Carol. No. This is too serious.

Bob: But I was just getting a handle on the cookie business.

Now what will I do? I don't have any other way of

making a living!

Camt:My heart goes out to you, Bob, but you need to get

your act together. I want to sell chocolate chip

cookies, not *hair* cookies!

I guess I just knocked myself out for the past week for Bob.

nothing.

Carot: Clearly<sup>1</sup>



## IDIOMS – LESSON 20

as a matter of fact - in fact: actually

EXAMPLE 1: We need more milk? As a master of fact, I was just going to ask you to go shopping.

EXAMPLE 7: This isn't the first time Andy has gotten in trouble at school. As a matter of fact, just last month he was suspended for an entire week.

(to) blow things out of proportion – to exaggerate; to make more of something than one should

EXAMPLE 1: They sent a 12 year-old boy to jail for biting his babysister?

Don't you think they're blowing things out of proportion?

EXAMPLE 2: Sally called the police when her neighbor's party got too.

load. I think that was blowing things out of proportion.

Synonym: To make a mountain out of a molebill

(to) find out - to learn; to discover

EXAMPLE 1: All is calling the theater to find out what time the movie starts.

EXAMPLE 2: David had a big party at his house while his parents were away on vacation. Fortunately for him, they never found out.

## (to) get a handle on - to gain an understanding of

Example 1: This new computer program is very difficult. I still haven't gotten a handle on it.

Example 2: Once you get a handle on how the game works, please explain a to everybody cise.

# (to) get one's act together—to get organized; to start operating more effectively

EXAMPLE 1: If Ted gets his act together now, he might be able to get into a good college.

Example 2: We'd better get our act together. Otherwise, we're going to miss our flight.

# (to) knock eneself out - to work very hard at something (sometimes too hard)

Example 1: Ted knocked himself out getting votes for Nicole, and she didn't even say thank you.

EXAMPLE 2: I really knocked myself out getting these free concert tackets for you and your girlfriend. I hope you appreciate it.

Note: "Don't knock yourself out!" means don't work too hard at something or for someone: it's not worth it. Example: Don't knock yourself out for Jeremy — he won't appreciate it anyway!

## (to) make a living - see Lesson !!

one's heart goes out to (someone) - to feel sorry for someone

Example 1: My beart goes out to the Richardsons. Their home was destroyed in a fire.

EXAMPLE 2: Naomi's heart went out to all the people who lost their jobs when the auto plant shut down.

## (to) rant and rave - to talk loadly, often in anger

EXAMPLE 1: A customer in the video rental store was ranting and raving that the DVD he rented was broken.

EXAMPLE 2: Please stop ranting and raving! Let's discuss this issue in a calm manner.

# (to) sweep (something) under the rug – to hide something, often a scandal

Example 1: "Senator, don't try to sweep it under the rag. Everybody knows about your affair with the intern."

Example 2: Let's just sweep this incident under the rug and move on.

taken aback – surprised (almost always in a negative sense).

Example 1: Nicole was taken aback when her friend Rosa usid her she no longer warned to hang out with her

Example 2: I was taken aback when my friend asked me if she could borrow my toothbrush because she forgot hers at home

(to) throw the book at someone - to punish or chide severely

EXAMPLE 1: When Ted failed his chemistry test the second time, his teacher really threw the book at him.

EXAMPLE 2: The judge threw the book at Minit for stealing a football from the store. He'll be going to jail for six months.

## 3. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

## Choose the best substitute for the phrase in hold:

- After Nicole lost the election, she started ranting and raving.
  - a) complaining loudly.
  - b) speaking quietly
  - c) asking many questions
- When a stranger approached me on the bus and asked to borrow my cell phone, I was taken aback.
  - a) disappointed
  - b) surprised
  - c) delighted
- When George showed up for work five minutes (ate, his boss Beth threatened to fire him. Beth is known for blowing things out of proportion.
  - a) making a big deal out of small things.
  - b) lying:
  - c) creating extra work for someone
- My apartment is always messy. I need to get my act together and start cleaning it once a week.
  - a) start pretending
  - b) gather a group of people together
  - e) get organized

5)	My beart goes out to all the homeless people lying outside
	my apartment building in February.
	a) l help
	b) I feel sorry for
	c) I feel good about

- I just found out yesterday that Amber never washes her hands before making cookies. Ted told me.
  - a) saw
  - b) overheard
  - c) learned
- The judge is going to threw the book at Jim for robbing several houses.
  - a) release Jim from jail
  - b) charge Jim with an offense
  - c) read to Jim
- 8) Ted's chemistry homework was much more difficult than Nicole had expected. She just couldn't seem to get a handle on it.
  - a) finish it
  - b) understand it
  - c) bold it in her hands

ANSWERS TO LESSON 20, p. 165



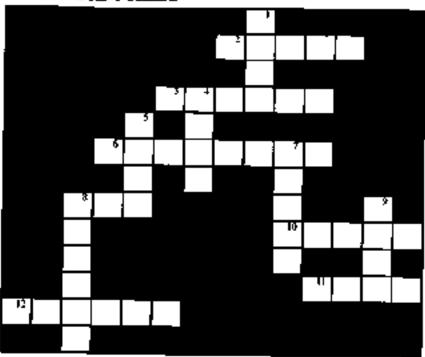
# Review for lessons 16-20

## Fill in the blank with the appropriate word:

I)	My aux and uncle money in the stock		They made a lot of
	a) rich	b) poor	c) pretty

2)	Lighten! You	need to stop taking	g your job so seriously.
	a) it	b) up	c) over
3)	After a week, my houseguests really started to get my nerves. They made long-distance phone calls to Singapore, drank all my wine, and slept until noon every day.		
	a) by	b) in	c) on
4)	Araber likes to stay you'd call a		every night. She's what
	a) night	b) busy	c) day
5)	Mikired thought sh pills. But now, afte		emembering to take her nature.
	a) first	b) second	c) third
6}	Susan messed and left the cookies in the oven for 25 minutes too long. They were ruined.		
	a) up	b) over	c) away
7)	Andrea didn't cheat. She won the election fair and		
	a) easily	b) circle	c) square
8)	Bob didn't know anything about baking when he and Susan started selling cookies, but he quickly learned the		
	a) chains	b) ropes	c) strings
9)	Ted and his friends ratory when they a		in the chemistry labo- a fire.
	a) around	b) about	c) away
10) Mary's daughter wanted the new Harry Potter book. But by the time they got to the bookstore, it was already sold			
	a) out	b) in	c) away

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE



ACT	88.5	

∡.	Scrision Brown's re-election would have been a sure if he badn't got-
	ten caught stealing candy at Wal-Mart,
	Chad is sitting He just won the lottery.
Ó.	Nicole had to burn the oil to finish her English paper by the morning.
Ķ.	When Ted was cought copying his friend's math homework, his teacher wasn't willing to sweep it under the
10.	It takes time to learn the when you start a new job.
П.	Once you do it a few times, riding a unicycle is a piece of
12.	My friend's dog kept licking my hand. It was getting on my
Do	**
1.	Carfy is a real big She runs a large corporation.
4. :	Some people in restaurants like to and rave when their soop is too cold.
5	I tried to give my friend athis morning, but she wasn't home. I got

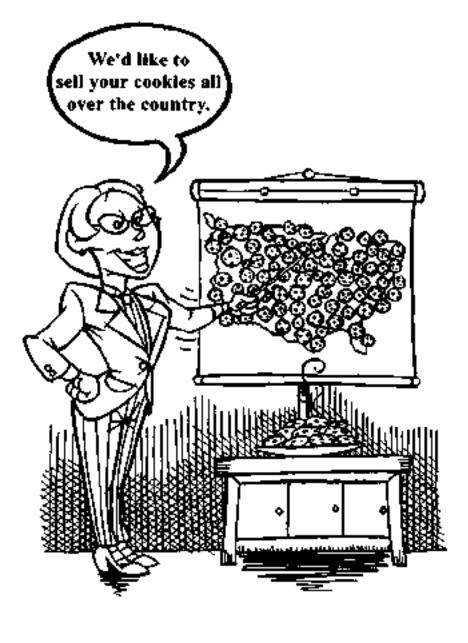
7. My \_\_\_\_\_ goes out to people who live in America, but don't speak any English.

Martha Stewart tried to set the \_\_\_\_ straight during her television interview with Barbara Walliers.

Filling out tax forms is a pain in the \_\_\_\_\_.

ANSWERS TO REVIEW, p. 166

her answering machine.



## SUSAN GETS A SURPRISE CALL

Donna from the National Cookie Company calls Susan. She wants to buy out Susan's Scrumptious Cookies. Susan is very happy.

Susan: Hello?

Donna: Good afternoon. Are you Susan, of Susan's Scrumptious

Cookies?

*Susan:* Yes, Lam.

Donna: My name is Donna Jenkins, and I'm calling from the

National Cookie Company, We're nuts about your cookies, and we'd like to sell them all over the country.

Unfortunately, we're running on a shoestring out of our

kitchen. We can't make enough cookies for you.

Donna: My company wants to buy the recipe and the brand

name from you.

Oh yeah? Why would you want to do that? Susan:

Donna: We have a successful track record of buying small

companies and turning them into big ones.

In that case, I'm sure we can come to an agreement.

Doma: Great. You just made my day!

Susan: You'll need to work out the nuts and bolts of the

agreement with my husband. He's the business manager,

Donna: May I speak with him now?

Susan: He's at a meeting, I'll have him get in touch with you

when he returns.

Donna: Good, I look forward to speaking with him.



## **IDIOMS - LESSON 21**

all over - throughout; everywhere

EXAMPLE 1: Nicole's clossmotes are from all over the world, including

Argentina, Brazil. China, Japon, Korea, Poland, and Ukraine. Example 2: Oh no! I got ketchup all over my white sweater.

(to) come to an agreement - to reach an agreement

(to) count to an agreement - to reach an agreement

EXAMPLE 1: If we can dome to an agreement now, I can start work on Monday.

Example 2: If you're not willing to negotiate, it's going to be very difficult for us to come to an agreement.

in that case - under that circumstance

EXAMPLE 1: It's showing? In that case, you'd better take the bus to school today instead of driving

Example 2: You forgot your wallet at home today? In that case, you can borrow five bucks from me for lunch.

(to be or to get) in touch with (someone) – to be or to get in contact with (someone)

EXAMPLE 1: I was surprised when Luis called me, since we hadn't been in touch with each other since high school.

EXAMPLE 2: Leave me your contact information in case I need to get in teach with you while you're on vacation.

## (ta) look forward to - to anticipate eagerly

EXAMPLE 1. I'm looking forward to my trip to Mexico next mouth.

EXAMPLE 2. Ron has worked as a high school teacher for over 40 years.

He's really looking forward to retiring next year.

## (to) make one's day - to give one great satisfaction

EXAMPLE 1: Our neighbors with the crazy dogs are moving away? That really makes my day!

EXAMPLE 2: Thanks for bringing over those cookies last week. That made my day!

## (to be) nuts about - see Lesson 14

## nuts and belts - details; basic components of something

EXAMPLE 1: I don't need to know the nuts and botts of how the computer works — just show me how to turn it on.

EXAMPLE 2: Simon really understands the neets and bolts of how todats work. He would be a very good plumber.

## on a shoestring - on a very low budget

EXAMPLE 1: Bob and Susan were living on a sheestring after Bob lost his job. EXAMPLE 2: In the beginning, the Hewlett-Packard company ran on a shoestring out of a garage.

## track record - a record of achievements or performances

EXAMPLE 1: The women's basketball team at the University of Connecticut has an excellent track record.

Example 2: We've spoken to your past employers, so we know you've got an excellent track record.

## (to) work out - to find a solution; to resolve

Example 1: Nicole spent half the night helping Ted work out a very difficult chemistry problem.

EXAMPLE 2: Sally couldn't work out her problems with her neighbors, so she finally decided to move away.

Note: "Work out" has several other meanings, including:

- succeed; prove effective. This plan won't work out you'll need to
  go back to the drawing board and work out a new plan.
- endure; last. Tony and Angela argue all the time. I don't think their marriage will work out.
- exercise. After working out at the gym for two hours, Scott could berely walk.

## 28. PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

## Fill in the blank with the appropriate word:

I)		some exchange stud this year. Nicole is n	lent from Sweden at Ni- uts him.
	a) with	b) into	c) about
2)			an agreement with al Cookie Company.
	a) from	b) with	c) to
3)	When somebody has a successful track, it's usually easy for them to find a new job.		
	a) record	b) history	c) past
4}	Let's have din later to choose	•	nt. I'll get in touch you
	a) from	ы ьу	c) with
5)	Susan doesn't business	-	In fact, she's running her
	a) with	b) on	c) in
6)		tarbucks coffee hou: k to California.	ses all the country,
	a) over	b) above	c) within
7)	Bob hasn't be	*	ars. He's really looking
	a) above	b) forward	c) ahead
8)	Ted's teacher l	elped him work	_ a study schedule.
	a) out	<b>b)</b> in	c) through
	ANSWERS TO L	ESSON 21. p. 166	

## SUSAN SHARES THE GOOD NEWS

Bob tells Susan that the Village Market won't take their cookies anymore. Susan tells Bob that the National Cookie Company wants to buy out Susan's Scrumptious Cookies.

Bob: Dear, I've got some bad news.

Suson: What's the matter, Bob?

Bob: The Village Market won't take any more of our cookies.

Susan: Why not? They're selling like hotcakes!

Bob: I know, but a lady found a blue hair in her cookie. Now Carol refuses to sell them.

Susan: Carol is such a dragon lady! We're better off having nothing to do with her.

Bob: She's not my cup of tea either, but she was selling lots of cookies.

Susan: Oh well. That's the way the cookie crumbles. Ha ha. Get it?

Bob: Susan, this is no laughing matter!

Susan: Bob, we don't need the Village Market anymore.

Bob: Why not?

The National Cookie Company called. They want to Susan:

buy out our business.

Susan, this is a dream come true. It looks like we've Bob:

struck it rich!

Susan: Yes. Soon we'll be rolling in dough!



## IDIOMS - LESSON 22

## better off - in a more fortunate position

Example 1: We're better off leaving for France on Thursday evening, so we can spend the entire weekend there.

EXAMPLE 2: If you're interested in studying languages, you'd be better. off attending Northwestern University than the University of Chicago.

Note: This expression is often used with conditional tense (would), especially when you're giving advice: "you would be better off doing something? or "you'd be better off doing something."

(to) buy out - to purchase an entire business or someone's share of a business

EXAMPLE 1: Microsoft bought out Adam's company for \$12 million.

EXAMPLE 2: Harriett and Jane sell homemade snack chips. They hope one day a big company will buy out their business.

cup of tea - see Lesson 5

## dragon lady - a nasty woman who misuses her power

EXAMPLE 1: Beth is a real dragon lady. She's always screaming at her employees and blaming them for her mistakes. I hope she gets fired! EXAMPLE 2: Liz was mostly in you? I'm not surprised. She's a dragon lady.

Synonyms: bitch (stang); shrew

## (to) get it - to understand

EXAMPLE 1: I invited 40 people to my Thanksgiving draner, but only 10. people came. I don't get in!

Exactuse 2: Don't you get it? Your company is about to go out of business!

## it looks like it's likely that

EXAMPLE 1: It looks like I'll be able to get out of work early loday, so let's plan on meeting downtown at 4:30.

Example 2: 16 tooks like it's going to rain, so we'd better just cancel the bience now.

no laughing matter - nothing to joke about; something serious

EXAMPLE 1: When the tornado came into town, it was no longhing matter EXAMPLE 2: Jim might have been fooling around when he hit John, but he really hurt him. It was no laughing matter.

nothing to do with (someone or something) - not have any relationship with someone; to not get involved with something.

Example 1: After I found out that Nora shaplified some lipstick from the drugstore, I wanted authing to do with her.

EXAMPLE 2: Larry asked Nick if he wanted to help him plan a robbery. Nick told Larry that he wanted nothing to do with it.

## rolling in dough - very rich

EXAMPLE 1: Susan and Bob don't need to work anymore. They're rolling in dengh.

EXAMPLE 2: Adam will be able to retire young. He's rolling in dough.

Note: This is a play on words. "Dough" means "money" as well as what is used to make cookies, breads, and postries. The dough (cookies) made by Bob and Susan brought them lots of dough (money).

Synonyms: rolling in it; rolling in money; loaded

## (to) sell like botcakes - see Lesson 17.

## (to) strike it rich - to attain sudden financial success

EXAMPLE 1: Chad struck it rich with the winning lottery ticket.

EXAMPLE 2: Craig hopes to strike it rich so he can quit his job and open a winery in California.

that's the way the cookie crumbles – that's the way things go sometimes and there's nothing you can do about it

Example 1: You lost your job? That's the way the cookie crumbles.

EXAMPLE 2: Somebody drank your last can of Pepsi? Oh well, that's the way the coekie crambles.

What's the matter? - see Lesson 2

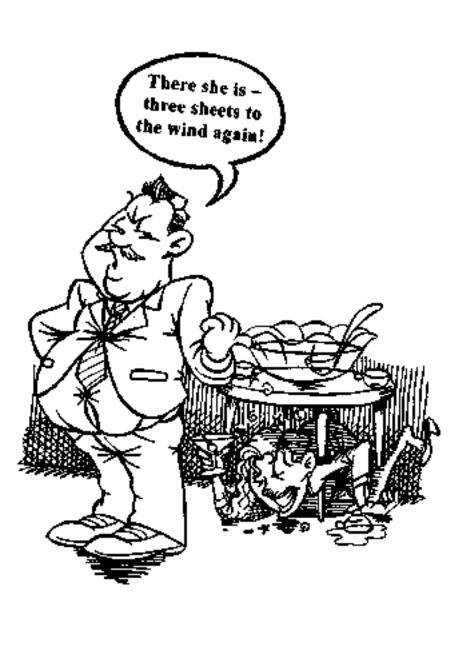
## SA PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

## Chaose the best substitute for the phrase or sentence in bold:

- "What's the matter? You don't look happy."
  - a) How are you?
  - b) What does it mean?
  - e) What's wrong?
- We sold our business. Now we're rolling in dough!
  - a) we're still making cookies
  - b) we're rich
  - c) we're poor
- How could a woman find a hair in her cookie? I just don't get it.
  - a) I don't understand it.
  - b) I don't get hair in my cookies.
  - c) I don't believe it.
- Ted and Amber think they're going to strike it rich in the music business.
  - a) get hurt
  - b) make lots of money
  - e) hit something
- Bob thought that losing his job at the furniture store was no laughing matter.
  - a) something serious
  - b) something to laugh about
  - c) something that doesn't really matter
- 6) My boss at the plastics company was a real dragon lady. Whenever I went into her office, she started yelling.
  - a) ugly woman
  - b) nasty woman
  - c) fire-breathing monster

- Nicole, I'm sorry you lost the election for president, but that's the way the cookie crumbles.
  - a) that's how it goes and you can't do anything about it
  - b) sometimes cookies fall apart
  - c) when bad things happen, you should be very upset
- A few months after Peter fired Bob, his furniture store went out of business.
  - a) started doing better
  - b) moved to a different location
  - c) closed

ANSWERS TO LESSON 22, p. 166



٢

## DOD HAS A SURPRISE VISITOR

Bob's former boss Peter, from the furniture store, comes to visit. He offers Bob his old job back, but Bob's not interested.

Peter: Hi Bob. I was just in the neighborhood so I thought I'd stop by.

Bob. Come on in. Take a cookie.

Peter: Thanks. I'm glad to see you're not holding a grudge against me for firing you.

Bob: Not at all, At first, it burned me up. But I feel better now.

Peter: Good, I'm glad you have no hard feelings. How would you like your old job back?

Bob: What happened to your wonderful new manager?

Peter: She drank at work. By five o'clock, she'd be lying under a dining room table, three sheets to the wind. Yesterday, I finally got rid of her.

Bob: Let me get this straight. You replaced me with some crazy woman who got plustered every day on the job?

Peter: Yeah, I lost my head.

Bob: I don't think you lost your head. I just think you've got rocks in your head!

Peter: Bob, I'm trying to level with you. I never should've let

you go.

Bob: No use crying over spilt milk.

Peter: So you'll come back and work for me?

Bob: Not on your life! Susan and I are very well off now. We

just sold our new company for a small fortune!



## **IDIOMS - LESSON 23**

al first - see Lesson 16

## (to) burn someone up - to make someone augry

Example 1: Joney didn't vote for Nicole. That really burns Nicole up.

Example 2: I can't believe Kristen and Andrew didn't invite us to their wedding. That really burns me up!

#### come on in – enter

EXAMPLE 1: Come on in, the door's open!

EXAMPLE 2: If nobody answers the door when you ring tonight, just come

os fa.

Note: This is a more conversational way of saying "come in."

## (to) get plastered [slang] - to get drunk

Example 1: Harold get plastered at the wedding and fell into the wed-

ding cake.

EXAMPLE 2: That's your fifth martini. What are you trying to do, get

plasiered?

Syneryrus: to get loaded [slang]; to get sloshed [slang]

## (to) get rid of - to free oneself of; to throw out

Example 1. We finally got rid of our spider problem, but now we have anta-

EXAMPLE 2. I've got too many old magazines and newspapers in my office. I need to get rid of some of them.

#### (to) get (something) straight - to clarify; to understand

EXAMPLE 1: Are you sure you got the directions straight?

EXAMPLE 2: Let me get this straight — you're leaving your husband?

# (to) hold a grudge against (someone) – to stay angry with someone about a past offense

EXAMPLE 1: Nicole holds a gruidge against Jenny for voting for Andrea instead of her.

Example 2. Julia beld a gradge against her boyfriend for not bringing her flowers on Valentine's Day.

## (to) let (someone) go - to fire, dismiss employees

EXAMPLE 1: The investment bank let Chris go after they discovering he was stealing erasers, paper clips, and other office supplies

Example 2: The Xerves Corporation was doing so poorly, they had to let many workers go earlier this year.

# **(to) level with (someone)** - to speak openly and honestly with someone

EXAMPLE 1: Let me level with you. I'm voting for Andrea instead of you. Example 2: I have a feeling you're not relling me the whole truth. Please just level with me.

# (to) lose one's head - to lose control of one's behavior; to not know what one is doing

Example 1: Nicole lost her bead after losing the elections and started yelling at all her friends.

Examine 2: Remember to stay calm before the judge. Don't get nervous and less your head!

## no hard feelings - no anger; no bitterness

EXAMPLE 1: After the elections, Andrea said to Nicole, "I hope there are no hard feelings."

Example 2: I know you were disappointed that I beat you in the golf-tournament, but I hope there are no hard feelings.

# to use crying over spilt milk – there's no point in regretting something that's too late to change

Example 1: Nicole realized she'd made some mistakes with her campaign for president, but there was no use crying over spilt milk.

Example 2: Your bike was ruined in an accident? There's no use crying over split milk. You'll just have to buy a new one.

## Not on your life! - definitely not

EXAMPLE 1: You want me to sit in that seems for an hour? Not on your life!

EXAMPLE 2: Thanks for offering me a job in Siberia. Am I going to take it? Not on your life?

#### on the job – at work

Example 1: Jennifer has four men on the Job painting her house.

EXAMPLE 2: Dan got fired for drinking on the job.

## small fortune - a good amount of money

EXAMPLE 1: When her great aunt died. Anne inherited a small formule.

Example 2: You won \$25,000 in the lottery? That's a small fortune?

## (to) stop by - to pay a quick visit

EXAMPLE 1: I'm having some friends over for pizza tomortow night. Why don't you step by?

Example 2: Stop by my office on your way home tonight.

#### three sheets to the wind - drunk

EXAMPLE 1: After drinking four boors, Bob was three sheets to the wind,

EXAMPLE 2: Somebody needs to make sure Greg gets home safely. He's three sheets to the wind.

Symposus: wasted [siang]; liquored up [slang]; dead drunk

## well off - wealthy; financially secure

Example 1. Botsy's grandfather used to be very well off, but he lost most of his fortune when the U.S. stock market crashed in 1929.

EXAMPLE 2. Debbie is a doctor and her husband is a lawyer. They're quite well off.

## S PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

## Choose the best substitute for the phrase or sentence in bold:

- Nicole was very angry that she lost the election. Her mother told her there was no use crying over spit milk.
  - a) there was no point in feeling bad about what can't be changed
  - b) she should think about all the mistakes she made
  - c) maybe she could still change the results.

- 2) Many people have died while climbing Mount Everest. Would I like to try it? Not on your life!
  - a) Not if it means you'll be risking your life!
  - b) Yes, definitely
  - c) No way!
- When Carol told Bob she could no longer sell Susan's Scrumptions Cookies, it really burned him up.
  - a) made him feel happy
  - b) made him feel sick
  - c) made him very angry
- Sara, I'm going to have to let you go. You come to work late every day and spend all day chatting with your friends.
  - a) fire you
  - b) give you more vacation time
  - c) yell at you
- One day, Nicole woke up with big red spots on her face. She didn't know how to get rid of them.
  - a) make more of
  - b) remove
  - c) encourage
- 6) Thanks for coming to my party. Come on in!
  - a) See you later!
  - b) Go away!
  - e) Enter!
- Susan was three sheets to the wind. Bob told her not to drink any more piffa coladas.
  - a) really drunk
  - b) very thirsty
  - c) feeling very tired
- Now that Bob is well off, he definitely won't be taking a job at McDonald's.
  - a) employed
  - b) feeling well
  - c) secure financially

ANSWERS TO LESSON 23, p. 166



# ander writes a song

Latings writes the songs for the nock band.

From Amber says she wants to start writing

A soo. She sings him the first lines of her

song.

Amber: Ted, you know how all along you've been in charge of all the lyrics for our band?

Ted: That's right, Amber. Everybody loves my songs!

Amber: Well, I hope they'll love my songs too.

Ted: But you don't write songs.

Amber: I'm sick and tired of singing your songs all the time. I

want to sing my own songs!

Ted: Okay, no need to freak out! First things first, Have

you written a song yet?

Amber: Yes, as a matter of fact, I have,

Ted: Well, let's hear it then.

Amber: Okay, but it's still a work in progress.

Ted: Stop trying to buy time. Let's hear the song!

Amber: I My boyfriend is crazy. Crazy about baking cookies,

I know for sure that there is no cure ...

Ted: Cut it out! Stop teasing me. 1 am cured.

Amber: All better?

Ted: Yes. I'll never bake another cookie again. My parents

made a fortune. Now we can all just chill out!



# IDIOMS – LESSON 24

all along - throughout; from beginning to end

EXAMPLE 1. Jenny told Nicole she would vote for her, but all along she was planning on voting for Andrea.

Example 2: I never believed Joel when he told us he was marrying a princess from Denmark. I know all along that he was lying.

all better - completely cured

EXAMPLE 1: "All better" asked Maureen, after her son stopped crying

Example 2: If you're not all better, you shouldn't go to work tomorrow.

as a matter of fact - see Lesson 20

(to) buy (some) time - to make more time available (in order to achieve a certain purpose)

EXAMPLE 1: We're not sure yet whether or not we want to buy the house. We'd better buy some time so we can think about it over the weekend.

Example 2: I'm not sure whether or not I want to take the job offer. I'd

better bury some time to think about it.

(to) chill out [slang] - to relax

EXAMPLE 1 Chill out! If we miss this train, we'll just take the next one.

Example 2: Your dog ate your homework? Chill out. I'm sure your teacher will understand!

(to be) crazy about - see Lesson 5

#### (to) cut it out - stop it; stop the annoying behavior

EXAMPLE 1: Tracy was chewing gunt loudly during the movie. Her boy-friend finally told her to cut it out.

EXAMPLE 2. Cut if ent? Stop trying to pull my shoes off?

# first things first - let's focus on the most important thing or task first

EXAMPLE 1: You want to work here at Lulu's Dance Club? First things first, have you ever worked as a dancer before?

EXAMPLE 2: You want to ask your teacher if you can hand in your paper two weeks late? First things first, you'd better think of an excuse.

#### far sute – see Lesson 19

# (to) freak out [slang] - to respond to something irrationally or crazily; to overreact

Example 1: Ashley's parents freaked out when she told them she was dropping our of college to become an actress.

EXAMPLE 2: Don't freak out when I tell you this, but I lost the laptop you lent me last week

#### (to be) in charge of - having responsibility for

Example 1: John is in charge of all international sales for his company.

EXAMPLE 2: Who's in charge of making sure we don't run out of toilet paper in the bathroom?

#### in progress - happening; under way; going on now

Example 1: The play is already in progress, so you'll have to wait until intermission to sit down.

EXAMPLE 2: Once the test is in progress, you will not be allowed to leave the room.

#### (to) make a fortune - to make a lot of money

EXAMPLE 1: Adam made a fortune when he sold his company to Microsoft.

Example 2: Emma made a fortune selling candy to her classmates after lunch every day.

Symonyms: to make a bundle; to make a killing

#### (to be) sick and tired of - completely bored with; sick of

Example 1: Ted is sick and tired of hearing about what an excellent student Nicole is

EXAMPLE 2: I'm sick and tired of this nesty weather we've been having!

#### **PRACTICE THE IDIOMS**

#### Fill in the blanks using these idioms.

	buy time chill out freaked out all along	ent it out in charge of sick and tired of first things first
1)	Nicole really presidential election. Sh	when she heard she lost the chrow her books across the room!
2)		leave your dirty clothes on the floor? cleaning up after you.
3)	sign a contract right awa	al Cookie Company, wanted Susan to ly. Susan told her lawyer before signing any papers.
4)	-	ish Club, Nicole will be ip to Spain in the spring.
5)	When Nicole saw a grou her, she told them to	p of her brother's friends laughing at
6)	After losing the election to take it easy and	, Nicole was very upset. She needed
7)		sure yet how much they wanted to ny for. They needed to get some advice.
8)	Nicole had assumed win the election. She wa	that she was going to s really surprised when she lost.

### O BONUS PRACTICE

#### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

I)	•	n the stairs and start tother asked. "All	ed crying. When he finally
	a) good	b) better	c) okay
2)			they didn't have to bake nd tired baking cook-
	a) of	b) with	c) at
3)	-	et made up his mind He needs to so	l whether or not to accept me time.
	a) buy	b) purchase	c) get
4)			as whistling loudly. It was old him to it out.
	a) stop	b) cut	c) sever
5)	Chill! W	e're only going to b	e a few minutes late.
	a) il	b) in	c) out
б)	_	fortune working in o retire at age 39.	computers in the late 90's.
	a) had	b) made	c) found
7)		vere told that while t be allowed to leave	the test was progress the classroom.
	a) with	b) in	c) at
8}	Victoria has a department at	<b>+</b> -	arge the marketing
	a) at	b) with	c) of
	ANSWERS TO L	ESSON 24, p. 167	



# TED BRINGS HOME MORE GOOD NEWS

Ted tells his family that a talent agent wants to meet with him. The agent will fly Ted and Amber to New York. Nicole announces that she's been named president of the Spanish Club.

Ted: Amber and I are going to break into the music

business. Last night after our concert, a talent agent

asked us to meet with him in New York.

Susan: Congratulations! We'll give you some spending money

for your trip.

*Ted.* No need. The agent is footing the bill for everything.

And when we get there, he's going to wine and dine us.

Susan: He must think you're the cream of the crop.

Ted: He thinks we sound like the Goo Goo Dolls.

Nicole: Who are they?

Ted. You're really out of it. They're a popular rock band.

Nicole: Our family is certainly on a Winning streak. I was

elected president of the Spanish Club today.

Ted: The Spanish Club? Big deal!

Nicole: You don't get it, Ted. This is only the beginning. Today, president of the Spanish Club. Tomorrow, ambassador to Spain!

Ted: Well, Ambassador, you'll need to wrap up my chemistry homework before you leave for the Spanish Embassy.

Susan: A rock star and a diplomat — I'm so proud of both of you!



#### **IDIOMS - LESSON 25**

Big deal! - So what? That doesn't really matter.

EXAMPLE 1: You won five dollars in the lottery? Big deal!

EXAMPLE 2: Your father has a job with a big company in New York City? Big deal?

#### (to) break into - to enter or be let into a profession

EXAMPLE 1: If you want to break late journalism, it's a good idea to work on a college newspaper.

Example 2: These days it's difficult to break into investment banking.

Note: "Break into" has several other meanings:

- Interrupt, Boris and I were talking. Please don't my to break into our conversation
- Enter illegalty or by force. Somebody breke tuto Peter's house and stole his DVD player.
- To suddenly begin an activity, such as singing. After receiving the check from the National Cookie Company, Susan broke into song.

#### cream of the crop - the best of a group

EXAMPLE 1: In the world of women's tennis, the Williams gisters are the cream of the crep.

Example 2: Of course you'll get accepted to Harvard. Don't forget, you're the cream of the crop!

Systiement crème de la crème

#### (to) foot the bill - to pay

EXAMPLE 1: You paid tast time we went to the movies. Let me foot the bill this time.

EXAMPLE 2: Fortunately, whenever we go out to dinner with the boss, she feets the bill.

Sympanya; to pick up the tab-

#### (to) get it - see Lesson 21

# (to be) out of it - not aware or knowledgeable about trends or modern habits

EXAMPLE 1. Don't ask for Susan's advice on fashion. She's really out of it. She wears sneakers with everything.

EXAMPLE 2: Betsy has never even heard of Harry Potter. She's really out of it!

Note: "Out of it" also means "confused" or "disoriented." Example. After staying up all night studying. Ted felt out of it the next day.

#### spending money - money for minor expenses

EXAMPLE 1: Before Tim left for Europe, his parents gave him \$400 in spending money.

EXAMPLE 2: Martin's parents are paying his college tuition, but he has to care his own spending money.

Synonym: pocket money

# (to) wine and dine - to take someone out for an evening or an expensive meal

EXAMPLE 1: Donns wined and direct Bob and Susan and then presented them with a contract for the sale of Susan's Scrumptions Cookies.

Example 2: Kate was wined and dired during her trip to Samrago.

#### (to be on a) winning streak - a series of wins

Example 1: The basketball team hasn't lost a game all season. They're on a winning streak!

EXAMPLE 2: You won 10 games in a row? You're on a winning streak!

#### (to) wrap up - to finish

EXAMPLE 1: If you wrap up your homework by eight o'clock, we'll have time to each a movie tought.

Example 2: Okay folks, let's wrap up those exercises so we can go home early tonight.

#### PRACTICE THE IDIOMS

#### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

1)	I invited you to	dinner, so let me	bill.
	a) hand off	b) arm	c) foot
2)	My friend Kate Optah Winfrey i		She doesn't even know who
	a) out of	b) into	c) unaware of
3)		he'd need to call i t to have dir	her back later in the evening mer.
	a) up	b) around	c) about
4)	After Bob and S they can relax fo		he sale of their business,
	a) through	b) around	c) up
5)	Sally got a job v	vith a law firm in	Manhattan? deal!
	a) Small	b) Big	c) Huge
<b>6</b> )	We love to visit and dine u		rence, Italy. They always
	a) liquor	b) wine	c) beer
7)	Bob and Susan ping when s	•	e \$1,000 per year of spend-
	a) cash	b) dough	c) money
8)			cert at Camegie Hali, The ays the cream of the
	а) стор	b) lawn	c) lot
	ANSWERS TO LES	SSON 25, p. 167	



# Review for Lessons 21-25

#### Fill in the blank with the missing word:

1)	Next year, Ted w band.	nll be traveling all	the world with his
	a) about	b) inside	c) over
2)	After his fifth vo	odka, Sievę was_	sheets to the wind.
	a) five	b) three	c) two
3)		Johnsons were liv fford to eat out at 1	ing a shoestring. restaurants.
	a) with	b) on	c) by
4)	When my friend no use crying ov		ecklece, I told her it was
	a) milk	b) juice	c) beer
5)			
		b. He <sup>+</sup> s char <sub>t</sub> imor magazine in .	ge of advertising sales for Ame <del>ri</del> ca.
6)	Mad, the best he	imor magazine in .	America. c) in
6)	Med, the best he a) at Please put away	imor magazine in . b) on	America. c) in ne the bill.
	Med, the best hat a) at Please put away a) arm	imor magazine in . b) on your wallet! Let r b) foot unning around like	America. c) in ne the bill.

8)	Bob worked out National Cookie		of the agreement with the
	a) details	b) bolts	c) tacks
9)		eighbor chopped him for years	I down her apple tree, she i.
	a) from	b) against	c) for
10)	I arrived late to progress.	the stadium. Th	e hasehall game was already
	a) through	b) in	c) at
11)	•	ted me out for a c	drink, but I told her I'd first at the office.
	a) through	b) along	c) up
12)		ired of telemarke sell me stuff I do	ters calling me in the eve- n'i Want.
	a) sick	b) iit	c) angry
13)		• •	timent. He said she was the y. That really her day.
	a) made	b) created	c) ruined
14)	_	ted behind me or y, I told him to _	the airplane kept on kicking it out.
	a) stop	b) cui	c) fly
15)		high school. She	modeling business after she e can definitely model nose
	a) into	b) in	e) around

#### CROSSWORD PUZZLE

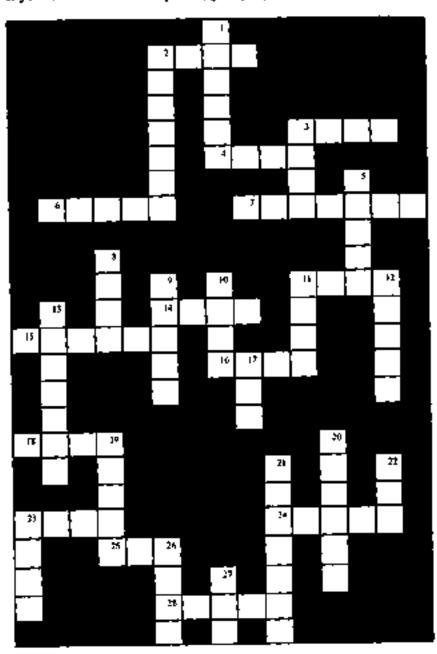
-		2		3					
				Цĺ					
4	,					<b>*</b>			
Щ									
							**		
						Þ		l '	
	10	!							
					П	12			
				13					

	ress
I.	The state of the s
	let's look at a map and plan our route.
3.	The company will wine and their top candidates for this position.
5.	
7.	Ken is an engineer. He tries to understand the nuts and of how
	things work.
Q	When the stock market collapsed, Bob lost his and sold everything
ín	Missiste harding from the matter and the first first and
IV.	Nicole's boyfriend forgot his wallet, so she had to foot the
11.	Bob no longer shops at the Village Market. He holds a against them.
13.	was sick and of watching my co-worker flirt with our boss.
_	<u> </u>
2.	
	We can't afford a new computer for the office. We're running on a
3.	Bette Davis may have been a great actress, but she was a lady in
	real life.
4.	Musicians from the Juillard School of Music are the cream of the
6.	Diane and Mike just bought a mansion. They're rolling in
8.	Mary left her husband George for a younger man. She told George, "I
	hope there are no feelings about this "
12.	Stephen King has a long track of writing bestsellers.

ANSWERS TO REVIEW, p. 167

#### CHALLENGE CROSSWORD PUZZLE

How well have you learned the idioms in this book? This crossword puzzle will test you. Idioms are taken from throughout the entire book. If you can solve the whole puzzle, good for you!



	C1085
	The US team did not win the World Cup, but they gave it their best
	You think All should tell his boss that she's wrong? Easier said that!
4,	The English teacher gave her students a useful of thumb. She told
	them not to repeat the same adjectives too many times in one essay.
	You have an exam tomorrow morning? You'd better start hitting the!
	Todd doesn't like reading. It's like teeth to get him to read anything.
Ш	. Julie was very upset when her landlord increased her rent by 25 percent
	Now she doesn't know how she'll make ends
	. Evo loves to travel. She's traveled all the world
	. Stop jumping up and down on the hed! If it breaks, it'll be no laughing
16	. I wanted to buy The New York Times this marning, but by the time I got to
	the store, they had already out.
	. Good luck at the casino. Hopefully you'll strike it!
23	. Jay didn't cheat during the Scrubble game. He won and square.
24	. You look very tired. Wo'd better call it a and go home.
25	. You paid \$200 for that cappuccine maker? That's really dollar!
28	. You're going on vacation to Aruba? I'm with onvy.
<b>n</b> .	
	<del>) WN</del> On a hat for the taken as in a construction in its state of the same of
	On a hot day like today, an ice cream stick is just what the ordered!
	We've only got two hours to finish this project. Let's roll up our and
	stan working.
	Pfizer really wanted to Tanya to accept their job offer, so they agreed to
	sweeten the
	If you studied your idioms, this crossword puzzle should be aof cake.
	Ted around the bush before telling his porents that he failed his test.
	Minimum, this chocolate cake is out of this!
	Joe wants to jour the army, but he hasn't yet broken the to his morn.
	Oh, you're finally home. That's a load off my!
12	Frank, our best salesinan, hasn't made a sale all week. I'm afraid he's fost
	his!
!3	. Mark drove a hard and got two T-shirts for the price of one.  Vivian is a night She never goes to sleep before midnight.
<b>1</b> 7	Vivian is a night She never goes to sleep before midnight.
19	I know you had your set on going skring this weekend, but I'm afraid
	there won't be enough snow.
20t	You'd better get up and early to finish your homework.
	Your team won four soccer games in a row? You're on a streak.
22	All of Brianna's after-school activities cost money. Her parents are tired of
	shelling so much thoney.
23	Judy made a list of books for the book club to read, but she told members
	to feel to make other suggestions.
	Will Democrats and Republicans every stop fighting? When fly!
27	Tom doesn't want to go to the rock concert. Jazz is more his cup of

# Answer Key

the goods a rd Wisdorn to

a barn the midnight oil no laughing or

#### LESSON 1: BOB'S DAY AT WORK

- 1. b
- 5. b
- 2. a
- 6. a
- 3. c 4. a
- 7. e 8. c

#### LESSON 2: BOU RETURNS HOME WITH BAD NEWS

- L c
- 5. a
- 2. b
- 6. C
- 3. c
- 7. a
- 4. c
- 8. b

#### LESSON 3: TED'S DAY AT SCHOOL

- 1. c
- 5. c
- 2. a
- 6. a
- 3. a
- 7. b
- 4 b
- 8. a

#### LESSON 4: NICOLE'S DAY AT SCHOOL

- I.b
- 5. c
- 2. ¢
- 6. a
- 3.6
- 7. c
- 4. b
- 8. a

#### BONUS PRACTICE

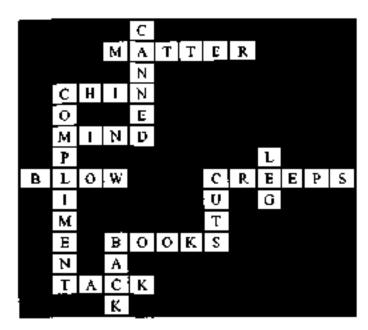
- l. c
- 4. b
- 2 a
- 5. c
- 3. Ь
- 6. b

#### LESSON 5: TED GOES OUT FOR THE EVENING

- L b
- 5. a
- 2. a
- 6. b
- 3. c
- 7. b
- 4. b
- 8. c

#### REVIEW: LESSONS 1-5

1.6	5. b	9. c	13.4
2.15	6 .	10 a	14.1



#### LESSON 6: SUSAN STAYS HOME & BAKES COOKIES

- J. a 5. b
- 2. b 6. b
- 3. c 7. a
- 4. c 8. a

#### LESSON 7: SUSAN HIRES BOR TO RUN HER BUSINESS

- 1. b 5. b
- 2. a 6. c
- 3. c 7. a
- 4.a 8.c

#### LESSON 8: TED FORMS A ROCK BAND

- 1. a 5. b
- 2. a 6. b
- 3. c 7. b
- 4.a 8.c

#### LESSON 9: NICOLE FOR PRESIDENT!

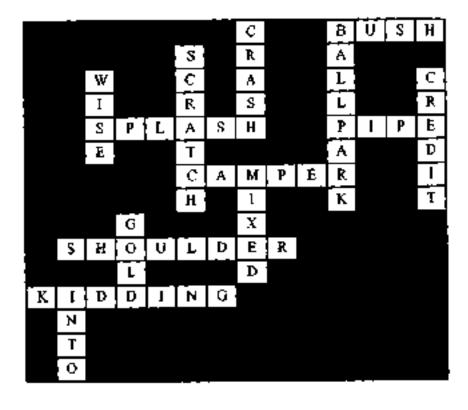
- 1. b 5. a
- 2. a 6. c
- 3. b 7. b
- 4. c 8. a

#### LESSON 18: BOB VISITS THE VILLAGE MARKET

- 1. c 5. a
- 2. b 6. a
- 3, a 7, c
- 4. b 8. a

#### REVIEW: LESSONS 6-10

- i. c 5, b 9, b
- 2, a 6, a 10, b
- 3. c 7. c
- 4. b 8. a



#### LESSON 11: BOB DRIVES A HARD BARGAIN

Ahe: Hi, Jeff. How's it come?

Jeff: Fine, thanks. I've only scheduled a half hour for this meeting, so we'd, better get the half rolling.

Abe. Jeff, I need you to come up with a new advertising campaign for my furniture shop.

Jeff: I've had a chance to <u>crunch some numbers</u>, and you'll need to pay me \$30,000 to come up with some new ideas.

Abe: Thirty thousand dollars? That's really out of the question!

Jeff: Listen. Abe. I need to make a living too. I've got a wife and seven children at home.

Abe: I'll pay you \$20,000.

Jeff: If you want quality work, you have to pay for it. Let's say \$25,000?

Abe. Okay, okay You've twisted my ann. I'll pay you \$23,000

Jeff: Now you're talking. That's a fair price.

Abe: You certainly drive a hard bargain.

Jeff: I know, but you'll be happy with my work.

#### LESSON 12: Bob's BIG COOKIE ORDER

J. a 5. b

2. b 6. c

3. a 7. a

4. b 8. c

#### BONUS PRACTICE

1.c 4.a

2. a 5. b

3. c 6. b

#### LESSON 13: AMBER COMES OVER TO BAKE COOKIES

1. c 5. b

2, c 6, a

3. a 7. a

4. b 8. b

#### LESSON 14: AMDER AND TED HEAT UP THE KITCHEN

I met Bob in college. He was in my English Literature class. I liked him right away Fer me, it was love at first sight. I wrote him several love poems, though I never gave them to him. Then I found out he had a guiffriend. I saw him making out with a girl named Joyce. It looked like she was grazy about Bob too. But later that week, I heard that she was a nasty person and that she treated him like dirt. So I decoded to go shead and ask him to the movies. He said he was too busy. It was grunch time, and he had to grank out a paper for literature class and study for several exams. But I didn't give up I kept plugging away. Then one day he broke up with Joyce and asked me out to dinner. That was 25 years ago, and we're still together. Fortunately, we're still head over heels in love with each other!

# Lesson 15: Nicole Practices Her Election Speech 1, b 4, a 7, c

8. a

1. b 4. a 2. a 5. b

3.c 6 h

#### REVIEW: LESSONS 11-15

1. a 5, a 9, b 2. e 6, a 10, b 3. b 7, b 11, b

4. c 8. c 12. a

								_	_	_			_	
								P						
							C	R	Ų	18	C	H		
								٨				Б		
								Ç			В	Α	Ĺ	L
								F				D		
							М	ı	Z	D				
								o						
		T				s	w	E	E	T				
	_	š								R				
T	R		C	K	s					_				
		5						z		C				
		_				В	Ŗ	E	Α	K				
		E				A		R						
		٥	Ų	М	P	s		v						
						ĸ		o						
			R	٨	Ü	Е		U						
						Ŧ		s						
								-						

#### LESSON 16: BOR BRINGS THE COOKIES TO THE VILLAGE MARKET

- 1.b 5.6
- 2. b 6. a
- 3.c 7.b
- 4.c 8.c

#### LESSON 17: CAROL TRLLS BOR THE GOOD NEWS

- I. a 5. b
- 2. b 6. c
- 3. a 7. a
- 4. b 8. c

#### LESSON 18: EVERYONE BAKES COOKIES

- 1. c 5. b
- 2.b 6.c
- 3. c 7. a
- 4.a 8.b

#### BONUS PRACTICE

- 1. c 5. b
- 2. a 6. a
- 3. c 7. c
- 4. b 8. b

#### LESSON 19: NICOLE'S CLOSE ELECTION

Ted: Nicole, my teacher gave me back my chemistry homework. I got a terrible grade! I thought for sure you'd help me get an "A+."

Nicole: I'm sorry. I really did give it my best shot, but I guess it wasn't good enough

Ted: Not good enough? That's right. You really messed up!

Nicole: You never should've asked me to do your homework. Don't try to put the blame on me for your bad grades.

Ted. Yes, my mistake. I thought you were a sure thing!

Nicole: So you'll get a bad grade in chemistry. Just learn to live with is. Here, take one of Mom's cookies. It'll help cheer you up.

Ted: You think a stupid cookie will cheer me up? Give me a break!

#### LESSON 20: BOB GETS AN ANCRY CALL FROM CAROL

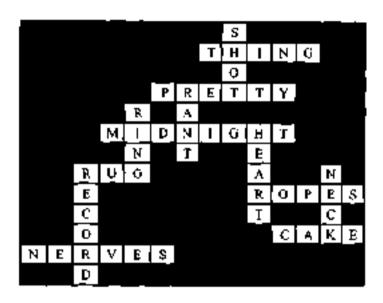
- 1. a 5. b
- 2, b 6, c
- 3.a 7.b
- 4. c 8. b

#### REVIEW: LESSONS 16-20

- 1.6 5 h
- 2. b 3. c
- 6. a
- 10. a 7. c

9. a

- 4. a
- 8. b



#### LESSON 21: SUSAN GETS A SURPRISE CALL

- 1. c
- 5. b
- 2. c
- 6. a 7. Ъ
- 3. a 4. c
- 8. a

#### LESSON 22: SUSAN SHARES THE GOOD NEWS

- I. c
- 5. a 6. b
- 2. b 3. a
- 7. a
- 4. b
- 8. c

#### LESSON 23: Boo HAS A SURPRISE VISITOR

- 1. a
- 5. b
- 2. c
- 6. ¢
- 3. c 4. a
- 7. a 8. c

#### LESSON 24: AMBER WRITES A SONG

- freaked out
- 5. cut it out
- 2. sick and tired of
- 6. chill out
- 3. first things first
- 7. buy time
- 4. in charge of
- 8. all along

#### BONUS PRACTICE

- 1. b
- 5. c
- 2. a
- 6. b
- 3. a
- 7. b
- 4. b
- 8. c

#### LESSON 25: TED BRINGS HOME MORE GOOD NEWS

- L.¢
- 5. b 6. b
- 2. a 3. c
- 7. c
- 4. c
- 8. a

#### REVIEW: LESSONS 21-25

- L c
- 5. c
- 9. Ь
- 13. a 14. b

- 2. b
- 6. b 7. a
- 10. b 11. c
- 15. a

- 3. b 4. a
- 8. b
- 12. a

	F	I	R	S	T		D	_	И	E			
				Н			R						
	U		F	0	R	W	A	R	D				
	R			F			G		0				
В	٥	L	T	S			0		Ü				
	P			T			z		G		Ħ		
				R					Н	E	∢	۵	
			В	_	L	Ŀ					R		
				z				G	R	U	D	G	E
				Ġ.					E				
									C				
									0				
							T	Ī	R	E	D		
									b				

#### CHALLENGE CROSSWORD PUZZLE

							Δ							
					S	H	0	T						
					٦		o							
					E		Ţ							
					E		0			۵	O	Z	F,	
					V		R	Ð,	ن	ω				
		_			E					Ą		P		
	В	c	O.	K	8			P	U	نــ	ᆸ	니	И	Ç
												Ē		
			В									Ų		
			ш		W		z			Σ	E	6	T	
	В		Α		٥	٧	E	R		Ļ			9	
М	Α	Ţ	T	E	R		¥			Z,			=	
	R				L		s	0	Ĺ	۵			O	
	Ç				D			*					æ	
	A							ı						
R	1	¢	Н.								В			
	z		E						3		æ		9	
			Α						]		_		U	
F	A	]	R						z	[	G	Н	T	
R			T	0	Þ				z		H			
Ē					E		T		1		T			
F.					¢	R	E	F:	z					
					ŝ		A		G					

#### INDEX OF IDIOMS

# A about to: 12 after all, 12 after all, 12 all along, 146 all better (to be), 146 all over, 130

all the rage, 82 as a matter of fact, 122 at first, 102 at least, 12

#### B battpark figure, 64 basket case, 94 beat around the bush, 52 beside the point, 24 better off, 134 big deal!, 152 big head, 94 big shot, 112 bite off more than one can thew, 76 blow it, 106 blow something, 24 blow things out of proportion, 122 break into, 152

break the news, 13
break up with someone, 88
brown-noser, 58
bright and early, 48
buckle down, 24
burn someone up, 140
burn the midnight oil, 106
butt in, 28
buy out, 134
buy time, 146
by a hair, 118
by far, 58

# C call is a night, 82 can't complain, 72 can't stand, 24 change one's mind, 18 cheer someone up, 42 chill out, 146 chitchat, 106 cold shoulder (to give someone the), 59 came on in, 140 come to an agreement, 130 conventional wisdom, 94

cost an arm and a leg, 13 count on someone, 59 crank out, 88 crash course, 48 crazy about, 34 cream of the crop, 152 crunch numbers, 72 crunch time, 88 cup of tea, 34 cut class, 24 cut it out, 147

#### D

dead end Job, 13 deliver the goods, 106 dime a dozen, 52 do one's best, 106 do the trick, 95 don't mention it, 64 down in the dumps, 34 dragon lady, 134 drive a hard bargain, 72 drive one crazy, 28 drop by, 34

#### E

easier said than done, 18

#### F

face it, 13
fair and square, 118
fat chance, 48
feel free, 83
figure out, 64
find out, 122
first things first, 147

#### G

get a handle on, 123 get canned, 18 get down to business, 59 get going, 76 get it. 134 get on one's perves, IIC get one's act together, 123 get out of the way, B3: ger plastered, 140. get real, 24 get rid of, 140 get something straight, 141 get the ball rolling, 72 get the hang of something, 102 get the show on the road, 112. get under one's belt, 59 give someone crédit, 42 give credit where credit is due, 42 give it a shot, 48 give it one's best shot. 118

fool around, 112 foot the bill, 153 for beaven's sake, 76 for Sure, 118 freak out, 147 from seratch, 64 full of oneself, 59

give me a break, 88. give one the creeps, 13 give someone a ring, 102 gave someone a run for his money, 59 give someone the ax. 13 give someone the cold shoulder, 59. give someone the time of day, 60 give up, 118 go altead, 89 go back to the drawing board, 13 go belly up, 13 go into, 28 go into business, 42 go nuts, 64 go wrong, 119 good for you. 53 good (binking, 42) goody-goody, 60 green with envy. 28 gung ho. 28.

#### H

hang around, 34 bang in there, 18 bang out, 34 happy camper, 49 hard times, 53 have a blast, 35 have a good time, 35 have one's heart set on, 24 have under one's belt, 59

#### ſ

if worst comes to worst, 18 I'll say, 95 in a bad mood, 43 in any case, 102 in charge of, 147 in good hands, 83 in good spirits, 53

#### J

jump the gun, 65 just kidding, 65 just what the doctor ordered, 43

#### K

keep one's chin up, 19 keep posted, 102 kid around, 60

#### L

last resort, 19
learn the rupes, 103
lend a hand, 83
let someone go, 141
level with someone, [4]
lighten up, 112
like a chicken with its head out off, 77
like crazy, 77
like pulling feeth, 77
live from hand to mouth, 19

head and shoulders above, 28
head over heels in love, 89
heart of gold (to have a), 42
help out, 76
help yourself, 43
hit the books, 24
hit the nail on the head, 29
hold a grudge against someone, 141
how's it going?, 72

in person, 102 in progress, 147 in reality, 95 in that case, 130 in rough with, 130 it tooks like, 135 it's a deal, 60

knock oneself out, 123 know one's stuff, 83

live with it, 119
load off one's mind, 95
look forward to, 131
look like, 95
look on the bright side, 19
lose one's head, 141
lose one's temper, 14
lose one's touch, 83
lost cause, 25
love at first sight, 89

#### LNOEX

#### М

made of money, 53 make a bundle, 43 make a fool of oneself, 119 make a fortune, 147 make a living, 73 make a pig of oneself, 65 make a splash, 53

#### N

needless to say, 49
nervous wreck, 95
never mind, 77
might owl, 113
no hard feelings, 141
no laughing matter, 135
no point in, 14
not give a boot, 25
not give someone the time of day, 60
not have a clue, 49

#### O

on a shoestring, 131 on edge, 43 on the job, 142 on thm ice with someone, 29 one's heart goes out to someone, 123 one-track mind, 89

#### P

pain in the neck, 103
pay someone back, 53
pay someone a compliment, 29
pick up, 84
piece of cake, 103
pig out, 43

#### R

rant and rave, 123 real flop, 14 rest assured, 107 right away, 107 right-hand man, 19 make ends meet. 19 make one's day. 131 make out, 89 make time for, 65 make up one's mind, 14 mess up. 119 mixed feelings, 49

not sleep a wink, 49
no wonder, 95
no use crymg over spilt milk, 141
nation your life!, 142
nothing doing!, 113
nothing to do with, 135
now you're talking, 73
nots about, 89
nuts and bolts, 131

out of it, 153 out of practice, 83 out of the question, 73 out of this world, 43 out of work, 19 over one's head, 25

pipe dream, 53
pitch in, 77
plug away (at something), 90
pull an all-nighter, 96
put the blame on someone, 119
put up with, 14

roll up one's sleeves, 65 rolling in dough, 135 round up, 103 rule of thumb, 96 run around, 77

#### S

save the day, 14
second nature, 103
self like horcakes, 107
set eyes on, 20
set the record straight, 119
shake in one's shees, 29
sharp as a tack, 14
shelf out, 54
shut up, 29
sick and tired of, 147
sit tight, 65
aming preny, 107
stack off, 25

#### T

take a break, 84
take it easy, 35
take it or leave it, 73
take off, 107
take over, 84
take something by storm, 54
take something the wrong way, 35
taken aback, 124
talk into, 60
talk over, 14
tall order, 107
tell off, 20
than's the way the cookie crumbles, 135

small fortune, 142
sold out, 107
spending money, 153
stab someone in the back, 20
stand a chance, 25
stay up, 113
stup by, 142
stressed out, 20
strike it rich, 135
sure thing, 119
sweep something under the rug, 123
sweet tooth, 84
sweeten the deal, 73

the breaks (those are or that's). 54 there's no accounting for taste, 35 things are looking up. 77 think big, 20 three sheets to the wind, 142 throw the book at someone. 124 to tell you the truth. 103 too many cooks spoil the broth, 84 top dollar, 14 track record, 131 treat someone like dirt, 90 tricks of the trade, 84 turn off, 96 twist someone's arm, 73

#### U

under one's breath, 35 up in the air, 35

#### w

way to go!, 29 well off, 142 what's the matter?, 20 what's up?, 65 when pigs fly, 20 wine and dine, 153 winning streak, 153 wise guy, 54 work like a dog, 49 work one's tail off, 84 work out, 131 worth one's while, 73 wrap up, 153

#### Y

you can say that again, 65 you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours, 60 your guess is as good as mine, 103